**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Commutative Property of

Addition

Standard: Algebra and Functions

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.1 Use the commutative and associative rules to simplify mental calculations and to check results. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson #1

Commutative Property: In an addition problem, the numbers, or addends, can be added in any order without changing the sum (answer).

Sample:

$$37 + 39 = 76$$

$$37 + 39 = 76$$
  $39 + 37 = _____$ 

1. 
$$126 + 243 = 369$$

$$2. \quad 9,348 + 27 = 9,375$$

3. 
$$38,106 + 19,248 = 57,354$$

4. 
$$1,003,405 + 791,391 = 1,794,796$$

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Commutative Property of

Multiplication

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

1.5 Recognize and use the commutative and associative properties of multiplication. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson # 2

Commutative Property: In a multiplication problem, the numbers can be multiplied in any order without changing the product (answer).

**Sample:** 

$$10 \times 12 = 120$$

$$12 \times 10 =$$

1. 
$$9 \times 8 = 72$$

2. 
$$22 \times 4 = 88$$

3. 
$$23 \times 7 = 161$$

4. 
$$35 \times 29 = 1{,}015$$

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Associative Property of Addition

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.1 Use the commutative and associative rules to simplify mental calculations and to check results. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson #3

Associative Property: In an addition problem, the numbers, or addends, can be grouped in more than one way without changing the sum, or answer.

Sample:

$$12 + (4 + 8) = ( ___ + ___) + ____$$

1. 
$$(17 + 21) + 35 = ___ + (__ + __)$$

3. 
$$(38 + 117) + 901 = ___ + (__ + __)$$

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions **Focus:** Associative Property of

Multiplication

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

1.5 Recognize and use the commutative and associative properties of multiplication. (*Prerequisite* CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson #4

Associative Property: In a multiplication problem the numbers can be grouped in more than one way without changing the product, or answer.

Sample:

$$(3 \times 2) \times 4 =$$
  $3 \times (2 \times 4) =$   $3 \times 8 =$ 

$$3 \times (2 \times 4) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Solve.

1. 
$$(2 \times 5) \times 2 = 2 \times (5 \times 2) =$$

2. 
$$3 \times (1 \times 7) = (3 \times 1) \times 7 =$$

3. 
$$(6 \times 2) \times 2 = 6 \times (2 \times 2) =$$

4. 
$$(8 \times 1) \times (3 \times 2) = 8 \times (1 \times 3) \times 2 =$$

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions **Focus:** Commutative and Associative

Properties of Addition

#### Assessment # 1

1. What is another way to write this addition problem: 7 + (9 + 1)?

A. 
$$7 + 1 = 9$$

B. 
$$9-7=1$$

C. 
$$(7+9)+1$$

**D.** 
$$(7+7)+(1+1)+(9+9)$$

2. What addition problem means the same as 321 + 123 = 444?

$$F. 123 + 321 = 444$$

G. 
$$12 + 33 + 21 = 44$$

H. 
$$444 - 123 = 321$$

$$J. \quad 444 - 321 = 123$$

3. What is another way to write this problem:  $9 \times 11 = 99$ ?

A. 
$$9 \times 9 = 11$$

B. 
$$99 - 11 = 9$$

C. 
$$11 \times 9 = 99$$

D. 
$$9 + 9 \times 11 = 99$$

Δ	ns	<b>11</b>	ρr	·C	٠
$\boldsymbol{\Gamma}$	.110	vv	$\mathbf{c}$	S	

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J

4. Solve: 
$$(7 \times 3) \times 2 =$$

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Using Variables

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

1.1 Represent relationships of quantities in the form of mathematical expressions, equations, or inequalities. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson # 5

When using a variable in multiplication problems, the problem may be written without the symbol  $\times$ .

Sample:

$$7 \times \diamondsuit = 42$$

$$7 = 42$$

$$4 \times b = 12$$

$$4b = 12$$

Rewrite the problem using the rule above.

1. 
$$t \times 5 = 35$$

2. 
$$10 \times n = 80$$

3. 
$$w \times 25 = 150$$

\_\_\_\_\_

4. 
$$30 \times v = 180$$

\_\_\_\_

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Using Variables

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

1.1 Represent relationships of quantities in the form of mathematical expressions, equations, or inequalities. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson # 6

When using a variable in multiplication problems, the problem may be written without the symbol  $\times$ .

Sample:

$$11g = 99$$

$$11g = 99$$
  $g = _____$ 

**Solve for the variable given:** 

1. 
$$9z = 63$$

$$z = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$2. 20k = 160$$

3. 
$$6y = 54$$

4. 
$$100h = 2,500$$

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Using Variables

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

2.1 Solve simple problems involving a functional relationship between two quantities. (Prerequisite *CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson #7

Sample: Gary bought 3 new shirts. Each shirt costs \$20. How much will the shirts cost in all?

$$3s =$$
\_\_\_\_\_  $s = $20$ 

$$s = $20$$

Solve:

1. Maria and her twin sister each weigh 50 pounds. How much do they weigh together?

$$t = 50$$

2. Harold and his 3 friends ran a race. They all ran 1.2 miles. How many miles did they run altogether?

$$f = 1.2$$

3. Mrs. Gumm bought ice cream cones for her class. There are 10 students in her class. Each cone cost \$2. How much money did she spend on ice cream cones?

$$10c = c = $2$$

$$c = $2$$

4. Mark worked five hours at the hardware store. He made \$5 an hour. How much money did he make in all?

$$5h =$$
\_\_\_\_\_  $h = $5$ 

$$h = $5$$

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Using Variables

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

1.3 Select appropriate operational and relational symbols to make an expression true. (Prerequisite *CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson #8

**Samples:** 

A. 
$$8 4 = 12$$

B. 
$$8 4 = 4$$

Write the symbol that will make each number sentence true.

1. 
$$6 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 6 = 0$$
  
 $6 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 6 = 36$   
 $6 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 6 = 12$ 

2. 
$$5 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 4 = 20$$
 $5 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 4 = 1$ 
 $5 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 4 = 9$ 

3. 
$$9$$
  $8 = 72$   $8 = 17$   $9$   $8 = 1$ 

4. 
$$12 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 7 = 19$$
 $12 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 7 = 84$ 
 $12 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 7 = 5$ 

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Commutative and Associative Properties of

Addition

#### Assessment # 2

1. 
$$9z = 45$$
  $z = _____$ 

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 9
- D. 36
- 2.  $7 \times g = 42$  can also be written:

F. 
$$7 - g = 42$$

G. 
$$7g = 42$$

H. 
$$7 + g = 42$$

J. 
$$42g = 7$$

3. Which operational symbol makes this number sentence true:

- **A.** +
- B. =
- **C.** –
- D. ×
- 4. Bernice and her mom each have 13 sweaters. How many sweaters do they have in all?

$$2s = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} s = 13$$

- F. 2
- G. 13
- H. 15
- J. 26

## Answers:

- 1. **A B C D**
- 2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Solving Problems Using Data

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.3 Solve addition and subtraction problems by using data from simple charts, picture graphs, and number sentences. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

# Lesson #9 Flowers in Sarah's Garden

Yellow	26	26	26	26	26	26						
Pink	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26			
Orange	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26				
Red	26	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

= 10 flowers

Sample: How many yellow and pink flowers does Sarah have in all? \_\_\_\_\_

- 1. How many more red than orange flowers are there in Sarah's garden?
- 2. How many orange and yellow flowers are there altogether?
- 3. How many more orange than yellow flowers are there?
- 4. How many pink and red flowers are there in all?

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Solving Problems Using Data

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.3 Solve addition and subtraction problems by using data from simple charts, picture graphs, and number sentences. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson # 10

# Pet Fish

Ken	** ** ** **			
Lisette	** *** ***			
Keiko				
Bob				

 $\Rightarrow$  = 20 fish

Sample: How many more fish does Keiko have than Ken?

- 1. How many fish do Lisette and Ken have altogether?
- 2. How many more fish does Bob have than Ken? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. How many fish do Keiko and Lisette have in all?
- 4. How many more fish does Keiko have than Bob?

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Solving Problems Using Data

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.3 Solve addition and subtraction problems by using data from simple charts, picture graphs, and number sentences. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

Lesson # 11

Toy Cars					
Red	12	22	31		
Blue	42	12	16		
White	34	36	57		
Black	45	38	50		
Brown	1	4	12		
Green	25	21	12		
	Danny	Ted	Jorge		

Sample: How many more green cars does Danny have than Jorge? \_\_\_\_\_\_

1. How many red cars do the three boys have in all? \_\_\_\_\_\_

2. How many blue cars do Danny and Ted have altogether? \_\_\_\_\_\_

3. How many more brown cars does Ted have than Danny? \_\_\_\_\_\_

4. How many more white cars does Jorge have than Ted? \_\_\_\_\_\_

5. How many black cars do Jorge and Danny have in all?

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Solving Problems Using Data

**Standard:** Algebra and Functions

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.3 Solve addition and subtraction problems by using data from simple charts, picture graphs, and number sentences. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

**Lesson # 12** 

Trees	37	24	9	29
Rocks	85	33	25	0
Flowers	128	324	82	71
Bushes	30	17	8	24
	Park	Garden	Yard	Playground

Sample: How many more flowers are there in the garden than at the park?

- 1. How many rocks are there in the four locations in all?
- 2. How many more bushes are there in the park than in the yard?
- 3. How many more trees are there at the playground than in the garden?
- 4. How many more flowers are there in the garden than there are rocks in the park?
- 5. How many flowers and trees are there in the garden altogether?

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Using a Table

#### **Assessment #3**

Use the pictograph to answer questions 1 and 2.

Lance	
Patti	
Karen	

**№** = 5 phone calls

- 1. How many phone calls did Lance and Patti receive in all?
- A. 13
- B. 70
- C. 26
- D. 65
- 2. How many more phone calls did Karen receive than Lance?
- F. 2
- G. 10
- H. 12
- J. 20

Use this chart about the reading Junior and Melissa did this week to answer questions 3 and 4.

Junior	42	19
Melissa	23	32
	Picture Books	Magazines

- 3. How many magazines did they read altogether?
- A. 19
- B. 32
- C. 51
- D. 31
- 4. How many more picture books did Junior read than Melissa?
- F. 19
- G. 21
- H. 12
- J. 29

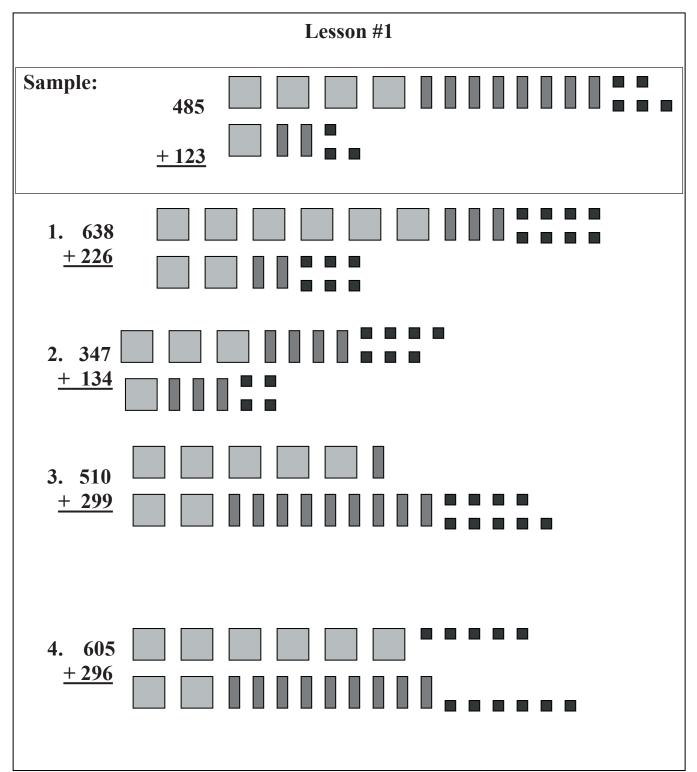
- 1. **A B C D**
- 2. F G H J
- 3. **A B C D**
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000.

(Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson #2

Sample:

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

Sample:

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000.

(Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

## Lesson #4

Sample:

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

## Assessment # 1

## Answers:

**Content Cluster:** Computation **Focus:** Missing Numbers

**Standard:** Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

Lesson	#5
	$\pi \omega$

**Sample:** 
$$26 + □ = 89$$

1. 
$$310 + \square = 715$$

2. 
$$201 + \square = 328$$

3. 
$$358 + \square = 479$$

4. 
$$\Box$$
 + 58 = 159

5. 
$$\Box$$
 + 106 = 910

6. 
$$\Box$$
 + 235 = 855

**Content Cluster:** Computation **Focus:** Missing Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

T	esson	#6
I.	æsson	#b

**Sample:** 
$$119 - \Box = 49$$

1. 
$$165 - \square = 82$$

2. 
$$219 - \square = 114$$

3. 
$$327 - \square = 113$$

4. 
$$\Box$$
 - 34 = 162

5. 
$$\Box$$
 - 178 = 70

6. 
$$\Box$$
 - 202 = 442

**Content Cluster:** Computation **Focus:** Missing Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.0 Students calculate and solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. (Prerequisite CAHSEE standard)

Lesson	#7
	,,,,

Sample: 
$$7 \times \square = 49$$

1. 
$$8 \times \square = 48$$

2. 
$$9 \times \Box = 72$$

3. 
$$8 \times \square = 24$$

4. 
$$\square \times 4 = 28$$

5. 
$$\square \times 8 = 64$$

6. 
$$\square \times 5 = 45$$

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Repeated Addition

**Standard:** Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Number Sense

3.1 Use repeated addition, arrays, and counting by multiples to do multiplication. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

## Lesson #8

Sample A: Show the same value as  $6 \times 2$ :

\_\_\_\_+

Sample B: Show the same value as 4+4+4+4+4+4:

\_\_\_\_

- 1. Show the same value as  $6 \times 7$ :
- 2. Show the same value as  $9 \times 3$ :
- 3. Show the same value as 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2:

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Show the same value as 8+8+8+8+8+8+8+8:

\_\_\_\_\_

# STANDARDS PLUS TM – LANGUAGE ARTS

**Content Cluster:** Computation

**Focus:** Missing Numbers, Repeated Addition, Multiplication and Division of Whole Numbers

## Assessment # 2

1.  $118 + \square = 148 \qquad \square = ?$ 

A. 40

B. 30

C. 20

D. 10

2.  $11 \times \square = 99 \qquad \square = ?$ 

F. 9

G. 8

H. 7

J. 6

3. Which has the same value as  $7 \times 8$ ?

A. 7 + 8 + 7 + 8 + 7 + 8 + 7 + 8

B. 7+7+7+7+7+7+7+7

C.  $7 \times 7 \times 7$ 

D. 78

4. Which has the same value as 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6?

F. 666,666,666

G. 66 × 666

 $H.6 \times 9$ 

J. 600

Answers:

1. **A B C D** 

2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)** 

3. (A) (B) (C) (D)

4. F G H J

**Content Cluster:** Computation **Focus:** Multiplication of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.2 Memorize to automaticity the multiplication table for numbers between 1 and 10. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson #9

$$\_$$
 ×  $0 = 0$ 

$$9 \times 2 =$$

$$9 \times 2 =$$
 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18

$$5 \times 7 =$$

$$5 \times 7 =$$
 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35

$$10 \times 6 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

$$10 \times 6 =$$
  $10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60$ 

5. 
$$2 \times 8 =$$

6. 
$$10 \times 0 =$$

7. 
$$5 \times 3 =$$

8. 
$$3 \times 10 =$$

11. 
$$7 \times 10 =$$

12. 
$$4 \times 2 =$$

16. 
$$888,888,888 \times 0 =$$

**Content Cluster:** Computation **Focus:** Multiplication Facts

**Standard:** Number Sense

2.2 Memorize to automaticity the multiplication table for numbers between 1 and 10.

(Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

## Lesson # 10

Sample A:

$$6 \times 4 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_  $6 + 6 + 6 + 6 =$  \_\_\_\_  $6, 12, 18, 24$ 

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication Facts

Standard: Number Sense

2.2 Memorize to automaticity the multiplication table for numbers between 1 and 10. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

## Lesson # 11

Sample:

8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.4 Solve simple problems involving multiplication of multi-digit numbers by one-digit numbers  $(3,671 \times 3 = )$  (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

Lesson # 12

Sample: 23 23 23

x 3 x 3 x 3

1. 52 2. 64 <u>x 4</u> <u>x 2</u>

3. 82 4. 713  $\frac{x}{3}$ 

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication of Whole

Numbers

## Assessment #3

1. 5 <u>x 3</u> 2. 7 <u>x 9</u>

A. 8

B. 15

C. 105

D. Not Here

F. 63

G. 16

H. 54

J. Not Here

3. 10 x 7

4. 32 x 4

A. 17

**B.** 107

C. 70

D. Not Here

F. 78

**G. 36** 

H. 128

J. Not Here

## **Answers:**

1. ABCD

2. F G H J

3. AB© D

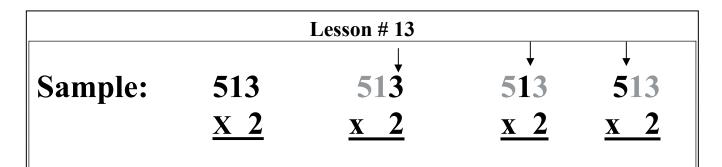
4. F G H J

**Content Cluster:** Computation Focus: Multiplication of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.4 Solve simple problems involving multiplication of multi-digit numbers by one-digit numbers  $(3,671 \times 3 = )$  (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



**722** 1. x 4

2. 613 <u>x 2</u>

**3. 502**  $\mathbf{x}$  3

420  $\mathbf{x}$  4

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.4 Solve simple problems involving multiplication of multi-digit numbers by one-digit numbers (3,671 X 3 = \_\_\_\_) (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

		Lesson # 14		
		<b>100</b>	100	<b>1</b>
Sample A:	608	608	608	608
	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 2</u>

1. 219 <u>x 5</u> 2. 361 <u>x 7</u>

3. 907  $\frac{x \ 8}{}$ 

4. 524 <u>x 5</u>

**Content Cluster:** Computation **Focus:** Multiplication/Division Using Models

**Standard:** Number Sense

2.3 Use the inverse relationship of multiplication and division to compute and check results.

(Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

## **Lesson # 15**

4 groups of 3:

triangles in 4 groups = 3 triangles in each group.  $\div 4 = 3$ 



3 groups of 8: \_\_\_\_\_ 3 × 8 = \_\_\_\_

stars put into 3 groups = 8 stars in each group.  $\div 3 = 8$ 

 $\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$  $\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$ 

4 groups of 7 : \_\_\_\_\_ 4 × 7 = \_\_\_\_\_

 $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$   $\lozenge$  diamonds in 4 groups = 7 diamonds in each group.  $\_$   $\div$  4 = 7

4 groups of 5: \_\_\_\_ 4 × 5 = \_\_\_\_



hearts in 4 groups = 5 hearts in each group.  $\div 4 = 5$ 



4 groups of 2: \_\_\_\_\_ 4 × 2 = \_\_\_\_

suns in 4 groups = 2 suns in each group.

$$\div 4 = 2$$

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication/Division Facts

Standard: Number Sense

- 2.2 Memorize to automaticity the multiplication table for numbers between 1 and 10. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)
- 2.3 Use the inverse relationship of multiplication and division to compute and check results. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

## **Lesson # 16**

Sample A:

$$8 \times 7 = 56$$

$$7 \times 8 = 56$$

$$56 \div 8 = 7$$

$$56 \div 7 = 8$$

$$63 \div 7 =$$

$$30 \div 6 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication of Whole

Numbers

## Assessment # 4

<u>x 3</u>

2. 725

<u>x</u> 3

B. 316

C. 311

D. Not Here

F. 728

G. 2,175

H. 2,165

J. Not Here

3. Which number sentence describes this model?















A. 
$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

B. 
$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

C. 
$$2 \times 8 = 16$$

**D.** Not Here

4. Which of the following completes this fact family?

$$4 \times 6 = 24$$

$$24 \div 4 = 6$$

$$6 \times 4 = 24$$

$$F. 4 \times 4 = 16$$

G. 
$$4 \times 6 = 24$$

H. 
$$24 \div 6 = 4$$

J. Not Here

## **Answers:**

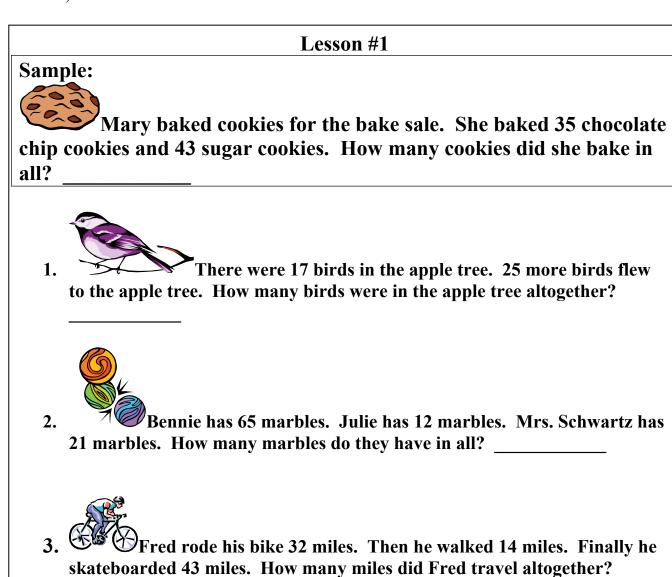
- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H 3
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Computation in Context Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

**Standard:** Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



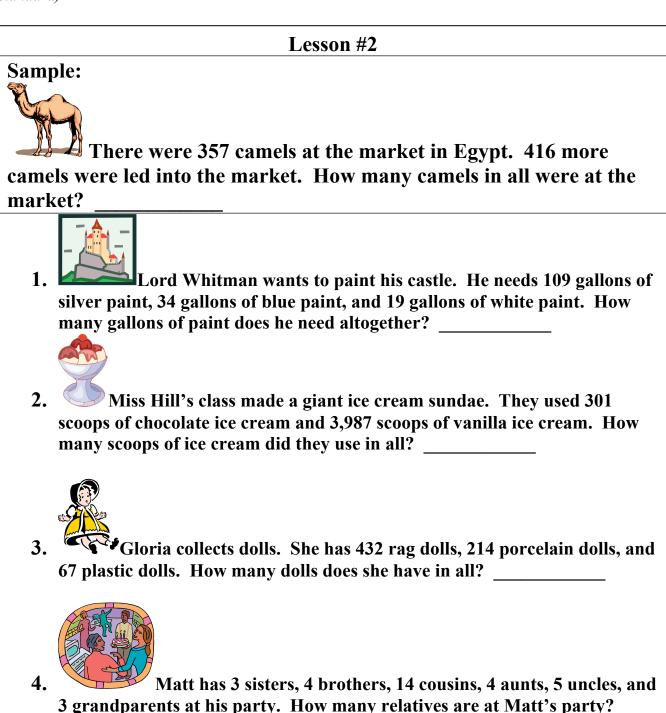
4. Sylvia ordered pizza for the third grade students. There were 3 third grade classrooms. There were 20 students in the first class, 19 students in the second class, and 18 students in the third class. How many students were in the third grade?

Content Cluster: Computation in Context Focus: Addition of Whole

Numbers

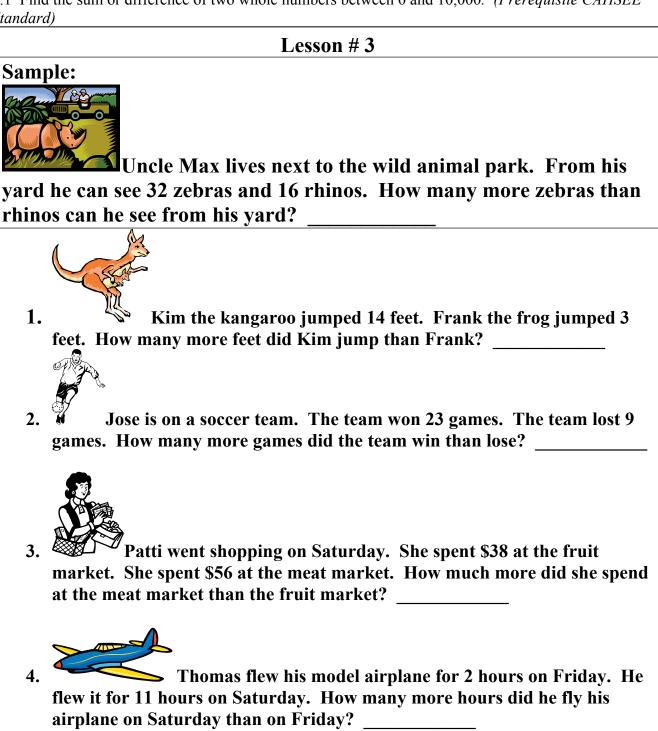
Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



**Standard:** Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

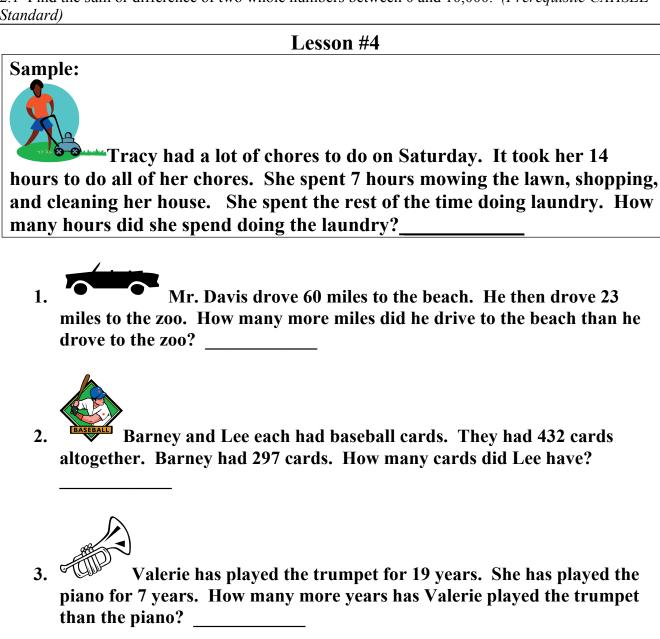


**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context **Focus:** Subtraction of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



Mario grows tomatoes in his backyard. He has 312 cherry tomato plants. He has 27 beefsteak tomato plants. How many more cherry tomato plants does he have than beefsteak tomato plants?

**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context

Focus: Addition and Subtraction of

Whole Numbers

#### **Assessment #1**

1. Jennifer caught 58 fish over the weekend. She caught 23 on Monday. How many fish did she catch in all?

- A. 78
- B. 71
- C. 81
- D. 35

2. Carmen has 75 pairs of shoes. 38 of them are black. How many shoes are not black?

- F. 37
- G. 43
- H. 113
- J. 103

3. Emily grows roses in her garden. She has 198 red rose bushes. She has 169 pink rose bushes. How many rose bushes does she have altogether?

- A. 357
- B. 29
- C. 31
- **D.** 367

4. Marcus visited Mexico. He saw a pyramid that was 212 feet tall. Marcus is 6 feet tall. How much taller is the pyramid than Marcus?

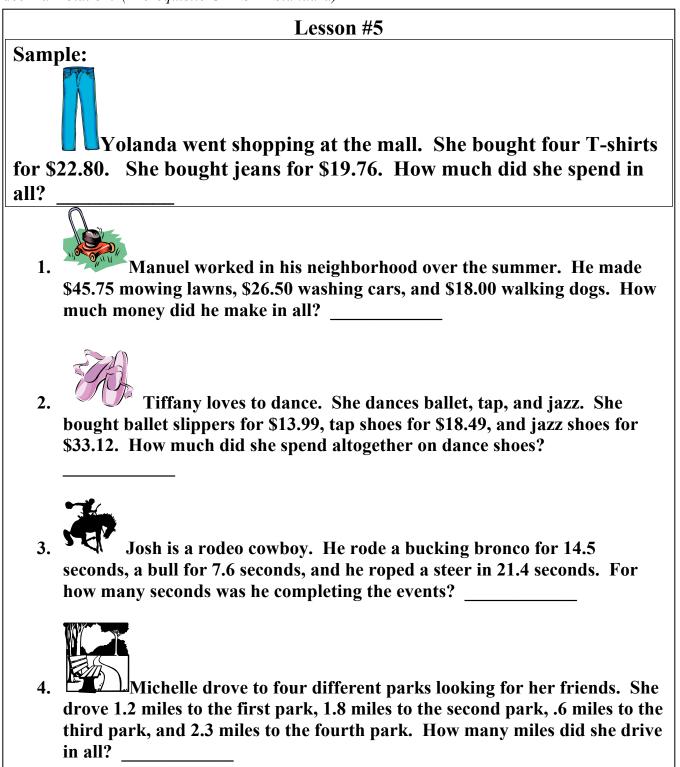
- F. 218
- G. 216
- H. 206
- J. 198

#### **Answers**

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Standard: Number Sense

3.3 Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of money amounts in decimal notation. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



Content Cluster: Computation in Context Focus: Subtraction Decimals/Money

Standard: Number Sense

3.3 Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of money amounts in decimal notation and multiply and divide money amounts in decimal notation by using whole-number multipliers and divisors. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

# Lesson # 6 Sample:

Yolanda bought a CD for \$12.50. She gave the store clerk \$20.00. How much change will she get?

1. Manuel was paid \$45.75 for mowing all the lawns in his neighborhood. He bought new shoes for \$23.62. How much money will he have left over?

2. Tiffany danced in the talent contest. She won \$50.00. She bought a new dance costume. The costume cost \$67.99. How much more money will she need to buy the costume?

3. Tanisha ran the race in 25.68 seconds. Tanya ran the race in 30.07 seconds. How many seconds faster did Tanisha run than Tanya?

4. Christopher bought lunch for \$4.75. Janice bought lunch for \$3.99. How much more did Christopher's lunch cost than Janice's lunch?

# STANDARDS PLUS<sup>TM</sup> – MATHEMATICS

**Standard:** Number Sense

3.3 Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of money amounts in decimal notation and multiply and divide money amounts in decimal notation by using whole-number multipliers and divisors. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

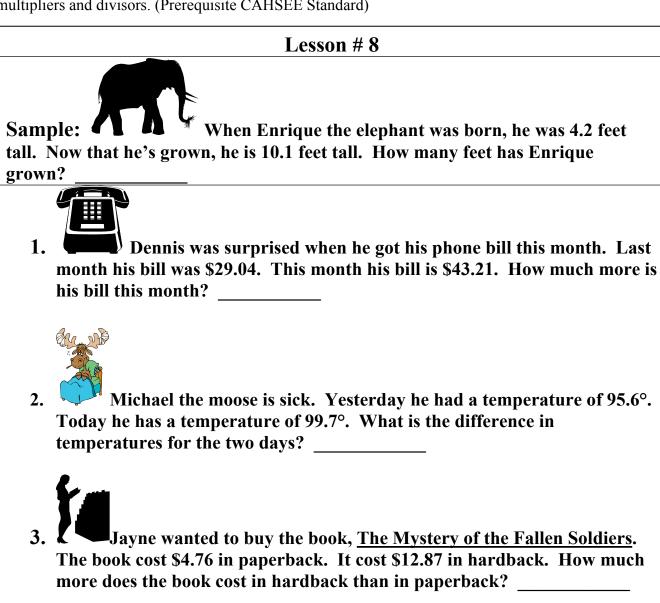
#### Lesson #7

Sample: Tom went to a frog-jumping contest. Fast-Freddie jumped 6.5 feet. Springy-Sal jumped 7.2 feet. How much farther did Springy-Sal jump than Fast-Freddie?

- 1. Mason went to the car wash. A regular wash costs \$5.99. The deluxe wash and wax costs \$12.54. How much more does the deluxe wash and wax cost than the regular wash?
- 2. Jimmy went to the candy store. He bought chocolate kisses and candy bars for \$3.62. He bought jellybeans, licorice, and fruit candy for \$9.87. How much did he spend in all?
- 3. At the Thompson's Tree Farm there are many different sizes of trees. The palm trees must be at least 1.7 meters tall before they are sold. The oak trees must be at least .9 meters tall before they are sold. How much taller must the palm trees be than the oak trees before they are sold? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Mrs. Johnson went shopping for a new vacuum cleaner. The Hooper Cleaner cost \$69.87. The Bittel Brush-Vac cost \$23.45. Mrs. Johnson decided that she wanted both of them. How much did they cost altogether?

Standard: Number Sense

3.3 Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of money amounts in decimal notation and multiply and divide money amounts in decimal notation by using whole-number multipliers and divisors. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



4. Ruby Red Strawberries cost \$1.29 a pound. Olivia's Organic Strawberries cost \$1.71 a pound. If I buy one pound of each of the strawberries, how much would they cost?

Content Cluster: Computation in Context Focus: Addition/Subtraction of

Decimals/Money

#### **Assessment #2**

1. Alfredo wanted to go to the movies. If he goes before 6:00, it will cost \$5.50. If he goes after 6:00, it will cost \$8.25. How much more will it cost to go after 6:00?

A. \$2.75

- B. \$3.25
- C. \$13.75
- D. \$13.25

2. Alfredo went to the movies. He bought soda for \$3.00, popcorn for \$3.75, and candy for \$1.50. How much did he spend on snacks in all?

F. \$8.25

- G. \$7.25
- H. \$8.75
- J. \$7.75

3. Melanie wants to buy a bouquet of daisies for her teacher. She has \$5.00. The daisies cost \$3.21. How much change will Melanie get?

- A. \$8.21
- B. \$2.79
- C. \$1.79
- D. \$8.79

4. Karen bought three ribbons. The pink ribbon was 2.6 feet long. The red ribbon was 3.5 feet long. The blue dotted ribbon was 0.7 feet long. How many feet of ribbon did Karen buy?

- F. 6.8 feet
- G. 5.18 feet
- H. 6.1 feet
- J. 6.3 feet

A	ns	w	er	2.
		* *	•	

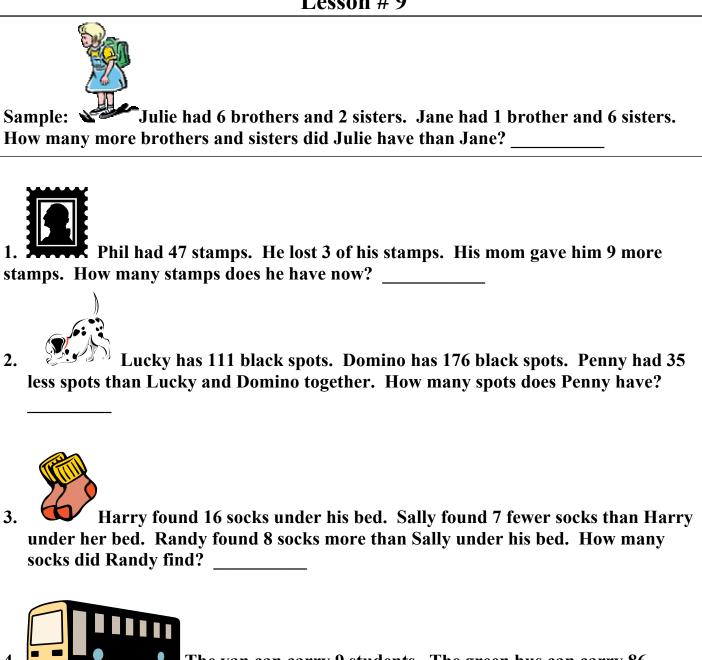
- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H 3

**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context Focus: Multiple Operations

**Standard:** Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson #9



4. The van can carry 9 students. The green bus can carry 86 students. The blue bus can carry 24 less students than the van and the green bus together. How many students can the blue bus carry?

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

#### Lesson # 10

Sample: Angela read two books. One book had 148 pages in it. The other book had 231 pages in it. Ron read a book that had 78 pages less than both of the books Angela read. How many pages were in Ron's book?

- 1. Gabe and Terri were riding their bikes. Gabe rode nine miles. Terri rode eight miles. Fran rode her scooter 17 miles farther than Gabe and Terri rode their bikes altogether. How many miles did Fran ride her scooter?
- 2. Kevin's cat has 16 stripes on its tail. Krista's cat has four less stripes on its tail. Karen's cat has 9 stripes more than Krista's cat. How many stripes do the three cats have on their tails in all?
- 3. Mrs. Gibbs baked cookies for her friends. She baked 48 chocolate chip cookies and 72 sugar cookies. Her friends ate 31 chocolate chip cookies and 54 sugar cookies when they visited. How many cookies were left over?
- 4. 14 firefighters work at Station 32. 23 firefighters work at Station 125. 21 firefighters work at Station 73. 4 new firefighters begin working at Station 32. How many firefighters work at the three stations in all?

Standard: Number Sense

- 2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)
- 2.4 Solve simple problems involving multiplication of multi-digit numbers by one-digit numbers (3,671 X 3 = \_\_\_\_). (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

	Lesson # 11
S	Juan has two puppies. One puppy has 10 spots. The other puppy has 20 spots. Marlene has a puppy. Her puppy has 2 times the number of spots that both of Juan's puppies have. How many spots does Marlene's puppy have?
1.	Vicki eats 2 carrots every day this week. There are seven days in a week.  She eats 8 more carrots the next week. How many carrots did she eat the next week?
2.	Gus ran for 15 minutes. Leeann ran for 25 minutes. Laura ran 2 times the amount of time that Gus and Leeann ran altogether. How many minutes did Laura run?
3.	Heidi has 20 rows of vegetables in her garden. There are 5 plants in each row. The plants in one row did not grow vegetables. How many plants grew vegetables?
4.	Angus did chores all day Saturday. He worked 12 hours. Then he worked 8 hours on Sunday. If he were paid \$3 an hour, how much money did he

Standard: Number Sense

- 2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)
- 2.4 Solve simple problems involving multiplication of multi-digit numbers by one-digit numbers (3,671 X 3 = \_\_\_\_). (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)
- 3.3 Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of money amounts in decimal notation and multiply and divide money amounts in decimal notation by using whole-number multipliers and divisors.

	Lesson # 12
	Jenny bought 3 pairs of shoes. Two of the pairs of shoes cost 1.15 each. The other pair cost \$14.50. How much did the shoes cost in all?
	Linda earned \$3.35 babysitting for the Kramer family. She earned \$4.55 bysitting for the Washington family. She earned \$5.15 babysitting for the Howard mily. How much money did Linda earn for babysitting?
2.	Marina started with 1.34 pies. Lorna gave Marina 5.78 more pies.  Then Marina ate 1.12 pies. How many pies does Marina have left?
3.	Carmen bought a sticker book for \$1.24 and a set of horse stickers for \$1.01. She had \$3.45. How much change does she get back?
4.	Sharon and Joseph had 6.5 liters of soda. Sharon drank 1.4 liters of soda.  Joseph drank 2.6 liters of soda. How much soda did the two children drink?

**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context **Focus:** Multiple Operations

#### Assessment #3

- In one week, Jeremy flew his plane for 32.5 hours and his helicopter for 6.3 hours. Wendy flew her plane for 12.4 hours. How many more hours did Jeremy spend flying than Wendy?
  - A. 50.2 hours
- **B.** 26.4 hours
- C. 51.2 hours
- **D.** 32.5 hours
- 2. Sue picked two baskets of peaches from the tree. Each basket had 123 peaches in it. She had to throw away 45 peaches. How many peaches did she have left?
  - F. 168 peaches

- G. 78 peaches H. 246 peaches J. 201 peaches
- **3**. There are 98 zebras at the Wild Animal Park. There are 72 elephants and 25 lions also. How many more zebras and elephants were there than lions?
  - A. 195

- B. 51
- C. 145
- **D.** 1
- Henry bought a ticket to the concert. It cost \$25.60. He bought a Tshirt at the concert. It cost \$24.50. He had \$72.90 in his wallet. How much change did Henry get?
  - F. \$22.80
- G. \$123.00
- H. \$74.00
- J. \$50.10

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Fractions & Decimals Focus: Comparing Fractions

Standard: Number Sense

3.1 Compare fractions represented by drawings or concrete materials to show equivalency and to add and subtract simple fractions in context (e.g., ½ of a pizza is the same amount as 2/4 of another pizza that is the same size; show that 3/8 is larger than ¼.) (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

	Lesson # 1	
	mple: structions: Shade the rectangle to show the equivalent fraction to $\frac{1}{2}$ .	
	structions: Shade the figure or part of the group to show the equivalent fraction.	
1.	<u>2</u> 4	
2.	$\frac{6}{8}$	
3.	$\frac{3}{6}$	
4.	$\frac{3}{7}$	

Content Cluster: Fractions & Decimals Focus: Adding Like Fractions

Standard: Number Sense

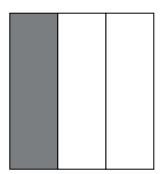
3.1 Compare fractions represented by drawings or concrete materials to show equivalency and to add and subtract simple fractions in context (e.g., ½ of a pizza is the same amount as 2/4 of another pizza that is the same size; show that 3/8 is larger than ¼.) (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

Lesson # 2

Sample:

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$+\frac{1}{3}$$



1. 
$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{4}{8} =$$

$$+\frac{1}{5}$$

$$+\frac{4}{7}$$

Content Cluster: Fractions & Decimals Focus: Subtracting Like Fractions

Standard: Number Sense

3.1 Compare fractions represented by drawings or concrete materials to show equivalency and to add and subtract simple fractions in context (e.g., ½ of a pizza is the same amount as 2/4 of another pizza that is the same size; show that 3/8 is larger than ¼.) (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

Sample:

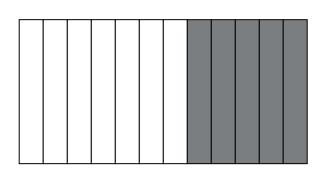
5

12

4

- 12

Lesson #3



1.

 $\frac{3}{6}$ 

 $-\frac{1}{6}$ 

2.

8

 $-\frac{4}{8}$ 

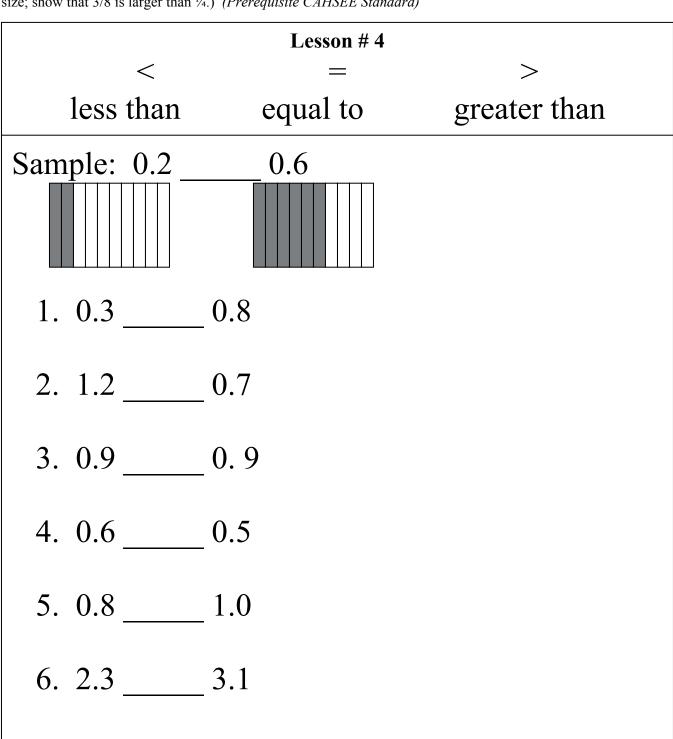
3. 
$$\frac{33}{40} - \frac{8}{40} =$$

 $\frac{10}{16} - \frac{4}{16} = -$ 

Content Cluster: Fractions & Decimals Focus: Comparing Decimals

Standard: Number Sense

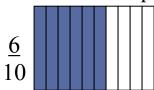
3.1 Compare fractions represented by drawings or concrete materials to show equivalency and to add and subtract simple fractions in context (e.g., ½ of a pizza is the same amount as 2/4 of another pizza that is the same size; show that 3/8 is larger than ¼.) (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



**Content Cluster:** Fractions & Decimals Focus: Equivalent Fractions

#### **Assessment #1**

1. What is the equivalent fraction?



A. 
$$\frac{1}{5}$$

C. 
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

$$2.\frac{1}{6} + \frac{3}{6} =$$

$$3.\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

4. Which symbol makes this number sentence true: 0.1 \_\_\_\_\_

$$F. > G. = H. < J. +$$

$$J_{\cdot} +$$

Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Plane Figures

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

indersta	nding to show relationships ar	nd solve problems. (Prerequisite	e CAHSEE Standard)
		Lesson #1	
	Pentagon	Hexagon	Octagon
		D (*	
1.	Name this figure:	Practice	
2.	Name this figure:	STOP	
3.	Name this figure:		
4.	Name this figure:		

**Content Cluster:** Geometry Focus: Plane Geometry

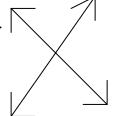
**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

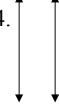
horizontal

2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



1.



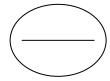


vertical

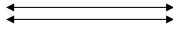
intersecting

parallel

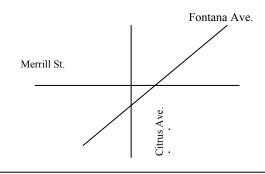
1. What type of line is inside the circle?



2 What type of lines are these?



3. Use the street map to answer questions 3-5.

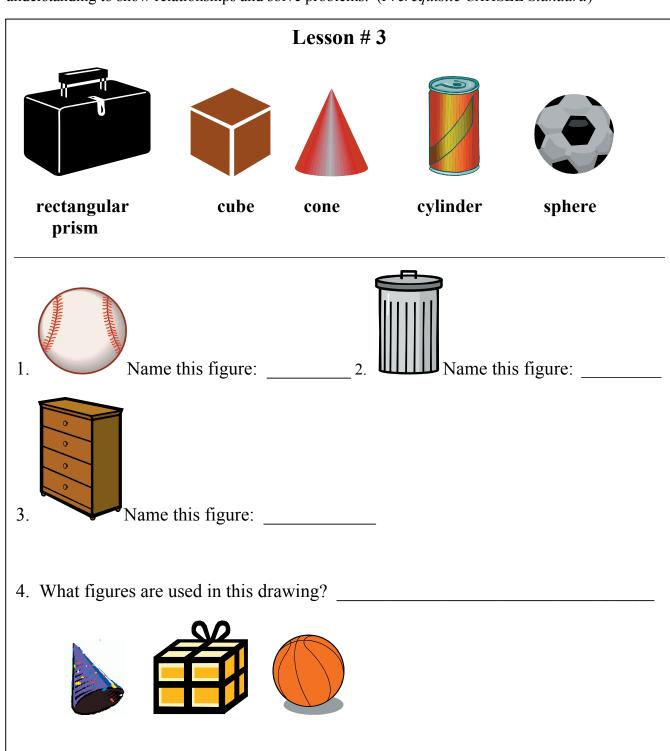


- 3. Name a street that is vertical.
- 4. Name a street that intersects Fontana Ave.
- 5. Name a street that is horizontal.

**Content Cluster:** Geometry Focus: Geometric Figures

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

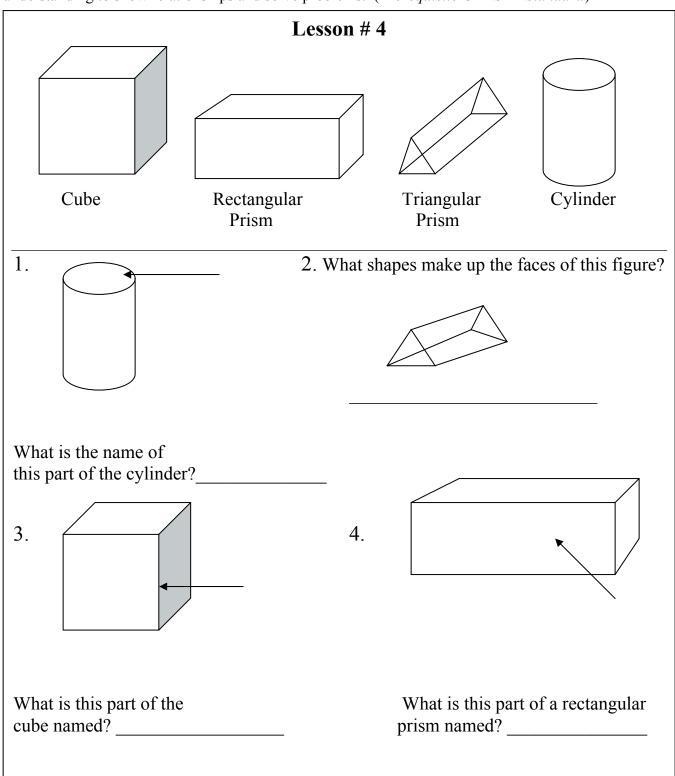
2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Geometric Figure

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



#### Assessment #1

1. Which figure is an octagon?

Α.



R



C



D.



2. What type of line is this?



- A. Parallel line
- **B.** Horizontal line
- C. Vertical line
- D. Pointy line



- 1. A B C D
- 2. A B C D
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. A B C D



3. Which picture has the same shape as this shape?



В.



 $\boldsymbol{C}$ 



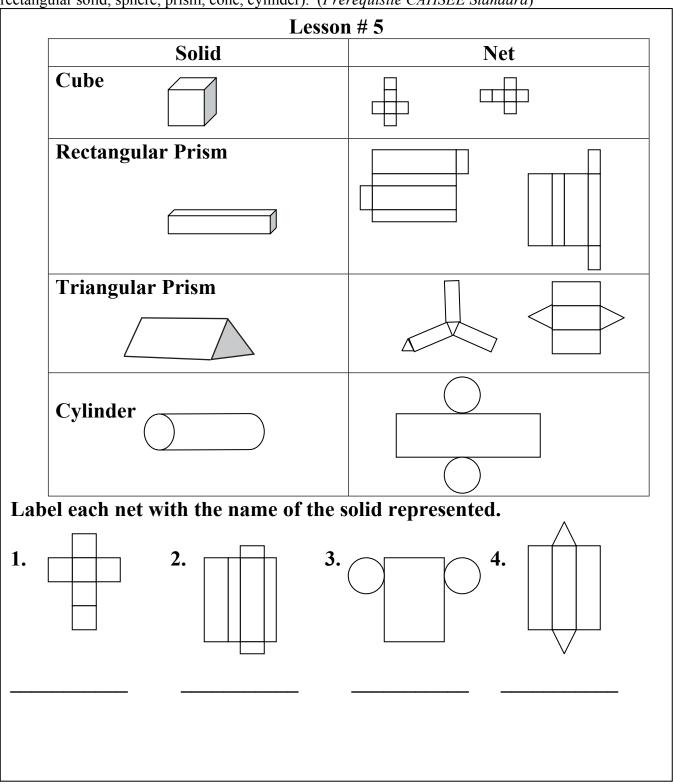


- 4. What shape is the bottom face of a cylinder?
- A. square
- B. circle
- C. sphere
- D. rectangle

**Content Cluster:** Geometry **Focus:** Geometric Figures

**Standard:** Measurement and Geometry

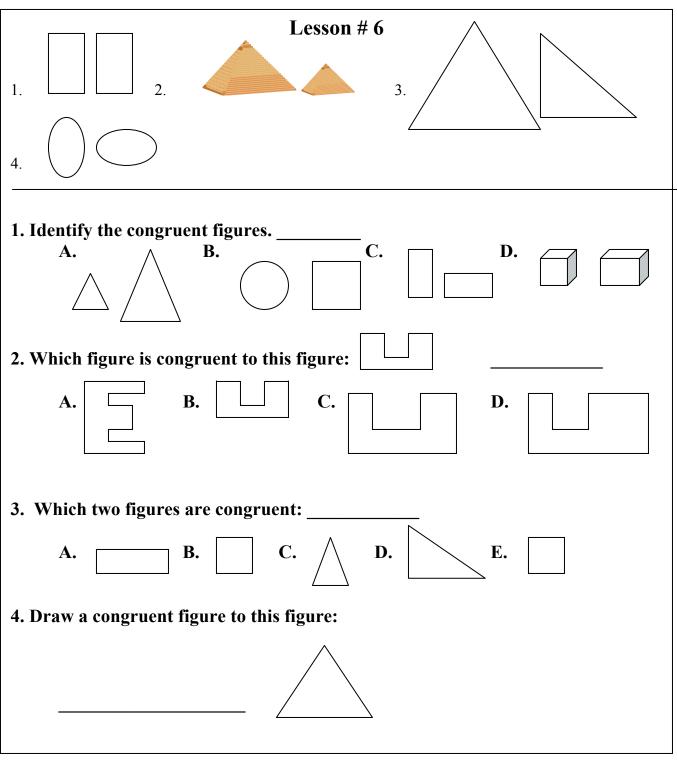
2.5 Identify, describe, and classify common three-dimensional geometric objects (e.g., cube, rectangular solid, sphere, prism, cone, cylinder). (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Congruency

**Standard:** Review of Grade 2 Measurement & Geometry

2.1 Describe and classify plane and solid geometric shapes (e.g., circle, triangle, square, rectangle, sphere, pyramid, cube, rectangular prism) according to the number and shape of faces, edges, and vertices. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



**Content Cluster:** Geometry Focus: Symmetry

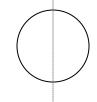
**Standard:** Preview of Grade 4 Measurement & Geometry

3.4 Identify figures that have bilateral and rotational symmetry. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)





2.



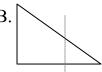
**3.** 





1. Which of these figures has a line of symmetry? \_





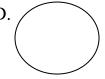




2. Which figure could have a line of symmetry?



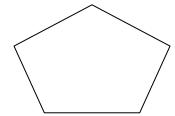




3. Draw a line of symmetry.



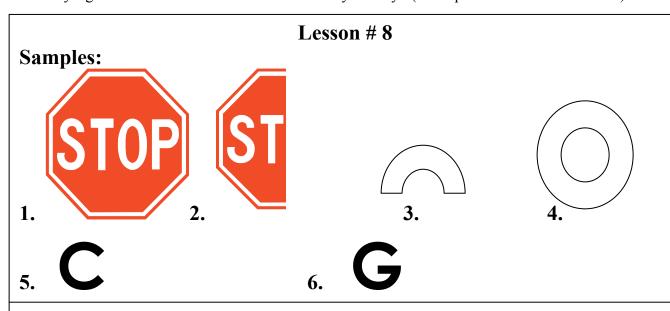
4. Draw a line of symmetry.



**Content Cluster:** Geometry Focus: Symmetry

**Standard:** Preview of Grade 4 Measurement & Geometry

3.4 Identify figures that have bilateral and rotational symmetry. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



1. Which drawing shows a heart divided into two identical parts?





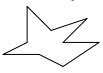
В.





2. Which shape can have symmetry?





**B**.





D.

3. Which letter has symmetry?

D

4. Which letter does not have symmetry?

X

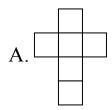
U

R

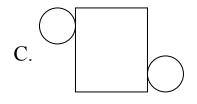
**Content Cluster:** Geometry Focus: Plane Figures, Symmetry, Congruency

#### Assessment # 2

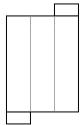
1. Which net will create a cylinder?



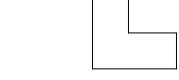
B.



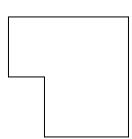
D.



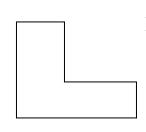
2. Which figure is the same size and shape as the figure below?



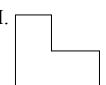
F.



G.



Н.





3. Which of these figures can be folded on the dotted line so that each part is equal?









4. Which of these letters have symmetry?

G. L H. G

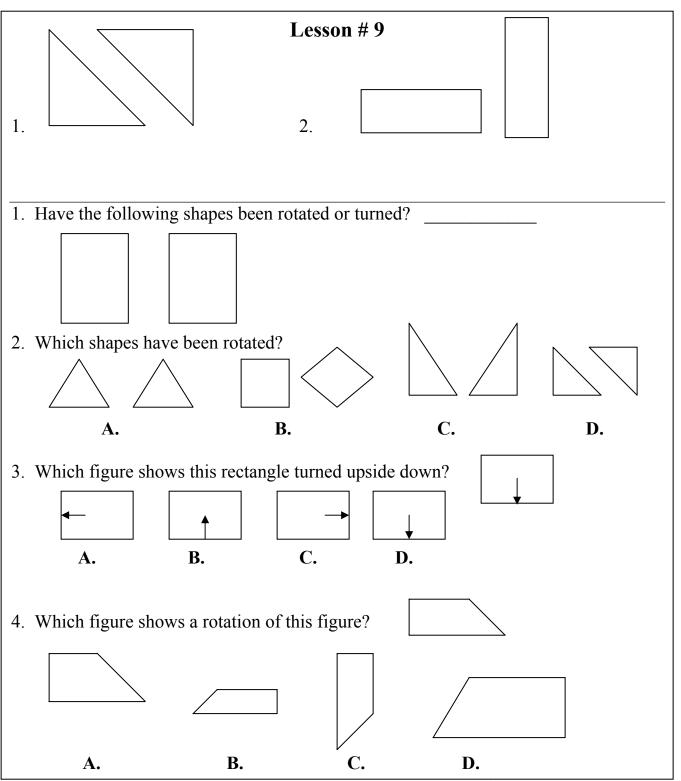
Answers:

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Rotation

Standard: Number Sense

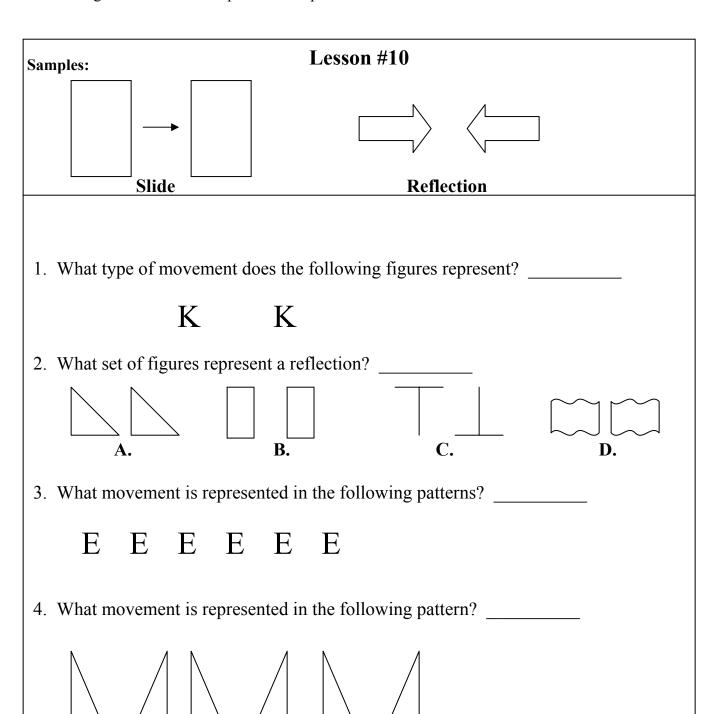
3.3 Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of money amounts in decimal notation and multiply and divide money amounts in decimal notation by using wholenumber multipliers and divisors. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Reflections

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems.



Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Plane Figures

**Standard:** Review of Grade 2 Measurement & Geometry

2.2 Put shapes together and take them apart to form other shapes (e.g., two congruent right triangles can be arranged to form a rectangle). (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

San	nple: Lesson #11
1.	
	What shapes make up this pentagon?  What shapes make up this trapezoid?
3.	How many of each shape do you see in this hexagon? trianglestrapezoids
4.	How many squares can be found in this figure?

Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Solid Figures

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

2.6 Identify common solid objects that are the components needed to make a more complex solid object. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Sample:



#### Lesson #12

What solid figures do you see in this picture?

1. What shapes make up this pyramid?



2. What shapes make up this picture?



3. What shapes make up this picture?



\_\_\_\_\_



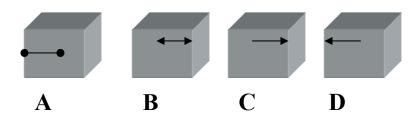
4. What shapes make up this picture?

**Content Cluster:** Geometry Focus: Rotation, Reflections, Plane Figures, Solid Figures

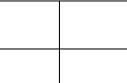
#### Assessment #3

1. Which picture shows the box turned upside down?





2. How many rectangles make up this figure?



- F. 4
- G. 5
- H. 9
  - J. 22



3. Name the movement demonstrated in this pattern?

# PPPP

- A. reflection B. slide C. PPPPP

- D. geometry



4. What solid figures can be found in this picture?

- F. Cubes
- G. Cone, Spheres
- H. Triangles
- J. Rectangular Prisms.

#### **Answers:**

- 1. ABCD
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

and Odd Numbers

#### **Maintenance #1**

- 1. What is another way to write 400 + 10 + 9?
  - A. 4,019
  - B. 40,109
  - C. 419
  - D. 4,109
- 2. What is the value of the underlined digit?

67,854

- F. 7
- G. 70
- H. 700
- J. 7,000
- 3. Which of these sets of numbers is odd?
  - A. 121, 141, 161, 183, 200
  - B. 122, 134, 146, 158, 169
  - C. 103, 105, 107, 109, 201
  - D. 312, 314, 316, 318, 519
- 4. Choose the word name for 4,098.
  - F. four thousand, ninety-eight
  - G. four hundred ninety-eight
  - H. four thousand, nine hundred eight
  - J. forty ninety-eight

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. **F G H J**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Number Sentences

#### **Maintenance #2**

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

There were 659 bats in the cave during the day. At night there were 42 bats in the cave. How many bats left the cave at night?

There were 132 french fries in a large order of fries. Jenna ate two 2. orders of fries. How many fries did she eat in all?

G. 
$$132 + 132 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

H. 
$$132 - 2 =$$

Jessica sold 65 bouquets of flowers each day this week. She worked five days this week. How many bouquets did she sell this week?

C. 
$$65 \times 5 =$$

Omar had 128 camels in his caravan. His brother had 243 camels in his caravan. How many camels did the two brothers have in all?

G. 
$$128 - 243 =$$

H. 
$$243 - 128 =$$

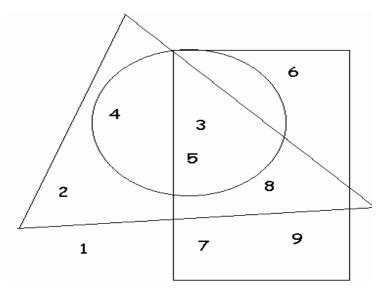
#### Answers

Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-Standard

Routines

#### Maintenance #3

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.



- 1. Which number is in the triangle but not in the rectangle or circle?
  - A. 1
  - B. 2
  - C. 3
  - D. 4
- 3. Which numbers are not in the triangle or the circle?
  - A. 1 and 6
  - B. 1 and 7
  - C. 6, 7, and 9
  - D. 1, 6, 7, and 9
  - Answers
- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H 3
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H 3

- 2. Which numbers are in the circle?
  - F. 3 and 5
  - G. 3 and 4
  - H. 3, 4, and 5
  - J. 2, 6, and 8
- 4. Which number is not in the circle, triangle, or rectangle?
  - F. 1
  - G. 6
  - H. 7
  - J. 9

Content Cluster: Computation in Context Focus: Addition and Subtraction of

Whole Numbers

#### **Maintenance #4**

1. Ian brought 36 chocolate chip cookies to the class party. He also brought 48 peanut butter cookies. What is the total number of cookies that Ian brought to the class party?

A. 86 cookies

B. 84 cookies

C. 74 cookies

D. 48 cookies

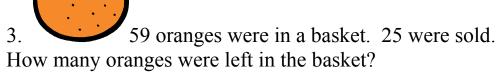
2. Last season, Valerie scored 25 goals for her soccer team. This year, she scored 29 goals. How many goals has Valerie scored over the last two seasons?

F. 54 goals

G. 66 goals

H. 49 goals

J. 37 goals



A. 84 oranges

B. 26 oranges

C. 34 oranges

D. 79 oranges

1. A B C D

2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)** 

3. (A) (B) (C) (D)

4. F G H J

4. We are driving to visit my grandfather. He lives 563 miles away. We have already driven 197 miles. How many miles do we have left to drive?

F. 760 miles

G. 476 miles

H. 456 miles

J. 366 miles

Answers:

1. (A) (B) (C) (D)

2. **F G H J** 

3. **A B C D** 

4. (F) (G) (H) (J)

### STANDARDS PLUS TM – MATHEMATICS

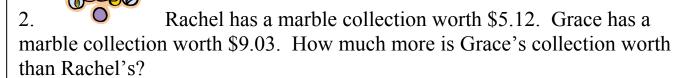
**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context **Focus:** Addition/Subtraction of

Decimals/Money

#### **Maintenance #5**

Paula has \$13.25 in her piggy bank. Frank has \$26.08 in his bank. How much money do they have in all?

- A. \$12.83
- B. \$13.25
- C. \$26.08
- D. \$39.33



- F. \$14.15
- G. \$4.09

H. \$3.91

J. \$4.11

3. Jake's boat was 7.4 meters long. Hannah's boat was 15.2 meters long. How much longer was Hannah's boat than Jake's boat?

- A. 8.2 meters
  - B. 7.8 meters
- C. 22.6 meters D. 1.2 meters

Roses cost \$32.54 a dozen. Tulips cost \$28.99 a dozen. Marco bought a dozen of each. How much did he spend in all?

- F. \$60.55
- G. \$61.94

H. \$3.55

J. \$61.53

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions **Focus:** Commutative and Associative

Properties of Addition

### **Maintenance # 6**

- A. 15 B. 16 C. 31 D. 65
- Which addition problem means the same as 100 + 13 = 113? 2.

$$F. \quad 100 - 113 = 13$$

G. 
$$113 - 13 = 100$$

H. 
$$13 + 100 = 113$$

J. 
$$113 + 13 = 100$$

3. 
$$(4+3)+8=$$

- A. 7 B. 11
- C. 12 D. 15
- 4. What is another way to write this problem: 7 + (19 + 4)?

F. 
$$(7+19)+4$$
 G.  $7-19-4$ 

H. 
$$(7-19)+4$$

G. 
$$7-19-4$$

Content Cluster: Algebra & Functions Focus: Using Variables

#### **Maintenance #7**

1. 
$$33 + \square = 38$$

$$\square =$$
\_\_\_\_

A. 33 B. 38 C. 5 D. 71

2. 
$$\Box + *= 12$$
 \* = 8

F. 4 G. 8 H. 12 J. 20

3. 
$$\Box + 8 + 2 = 15$$
  $\Box =$ 

$$\square =$$

A. 7 B. 11 C. 12 D. 5

#### Answers:

4. 
$$\Box$$
 -  $*=4$ 

F. 3

G. 4 H. 6 J. 7

**Content Cluster:** Measurement Focus: Time, Measuring Weight,

and Temperature

Answers:

1. A B C D

2. A B C D

3. A B C D

4. A B C D

#### Maintenance #8

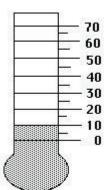
Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

1. Use the clock to answer the question.



What time will it be in 3 hours?

- A. 4:55
- B. 2:55
- C. 5:55
- D. 1:55
- 2. Norm talked on the phone for 1 1/4 hours. How many minutes did Norm talk on the phone?
  - A. 125 minutes
  - B. 100 minutes
  - C. 75 minutes
  - D. 50 minutes
- 3. Which of the following would most likely be weighed in ounces?
  - A. a can of beans
  - B. a child
  - C. a sack of potatoes
  - D. a chair
- 4. What temperature is the thermometer showing?



- A. 0°
- B. 5° C. 15° D. 10°

Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Plane Figures, Congruency, Symmetry

### **Maintenance #9**

1. Which figure is congruent with the shaded figure?



c. \_\_\_\_

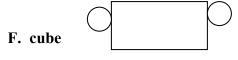
A.

D. none of these

**Answers:** 

- 1. AB©D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. AB©D
- 4. F G H J

2. Which solid does the net represent?

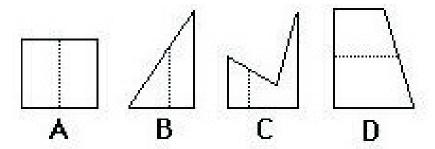


G. cylinder

H. pyramid

J. rectangular prism

3. Which of the following figures shows a line of symmetry?



4. Which of these shapes has symmetry?



G.



Н.



т



Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition and Subtraction of

Whole Numbers

#### **Maintenance #10**

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

**Content Cluster:** Computation

Focus: Missing Numbers, Repeated Addition, Multiplication and Division of Whole Numbers

#### **Maintenance #11**

1. 
$$\Box + 18 = 26$$
  $\Box = \_$ 

2. 
$$87 - \Box = 47$$
  $\Box = \_\_\_$ 

3. Which has the same value as 
$$3+3+3+3+3+3$$
?

B. 
$$3 \times 5$$

#### Which has the same value as $6 \times 10$ ? 4.

G. 
$$6+6+6+6+6$$

H. 
$$6+6+6+6+6+6+6+6+6+6$$

J. 
$$10+6$$

- 1. ABCD
- 2. **F G H J**
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Statistics & Probability Focus: Interpret Bar Graphs, Identify

Most/Least Likely Outcomes

#### **Maintenance #12**

Each child in Mrs. Frazier's class owns no more than one pet. Mrs. Frazier's class counted the number of pets they own. The number of each is shown on the graph.

Pet Graph

Fish						
Dogs						
Cats						
	1	2	3	4	5	6

- 1. How many children own fish?
  - A. 3 children
  - B. 4 children
  - C. 5 children
  - D. 6 children
- 2. How many more children own dogs than fish?
  - F. 1 child
  - G. 2 children
  - H. 3 children
  - J. 4 children

- 1. ABCD
- 2. F G H 3
- 3. ABCD
- 4. F G H J

- 3. How many children own cats?
  - A. 3 children
  - B. 4 children
  - C. 5 children
  - D. 6 children
- 4. How many pets did the children in Mrs. Frazier's class own altogether?
  - F. 8 pets
  - G. 10 pets
  - H. 12 pets
  - J. 16 pets

**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context **Focus:** Multiple Operations

#### **Maintenance #13**

- Terri ran one mile in 5.4 minutes. Julie ran two miles in 10.3 minutes. If Terri ran at the same pace for a second mile, how much longer would it take her to run two miles than it took Julie to run two miles?
  - A. 1.7 minutes
- B. 1.1 minutes
- C. 0.7 minutes D. 0.5 minutes
- Linda bought candy bars that cost \$2.99. She bought cookies that cost \$4.53. She paid for them with a \$10.00 bill. How much change will she get?
  - F. \$2.48

- G. \$7.52
- H. \$17.52
- J. \$7.01
- Carlotta and Dori went fishing on Saturday. Carlotta caught 15 catfish and 7 trout. Dori caught 13 catfish and 2 trout. How many more fish did Carlotta catch than Dori?
  - A. 5 fish
- B. 2 fish
- C 37 fish
- D. 7 fish

- 1. ABCD
- 2. (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J
- John climbed 4 trees and Steven climbed 2 trees. They each wanted to climb 10 trees. How many more trees does Steven have to climb?
  - F. 8 trees
- G. 6 trees
- H. 4 trees
- J. 2 trees

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Money

#### **Maintenance #14**

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

- 1. Tyler has 5 quarters, 2 dimes, 15 nickels, and 2 pennies. How much money does Tyler have?
  - A. \$0.24
  - B. \$2.22
  - C. \$0.48
  - D. \$2.87

Α	n	G.	<b>\</b> X/	er	·c	•
4 <b>x</b>	ш	S	vv	$\mathbf{c}$	S	

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J
- 2. Jovita has 1 quarter, 13 dimes, 2 nickels, and 8 pennies. She gave Willie 35¢. How much money does she have left?
  - F. \$0.11
  - G. \$2.08
  - H. \$1.73
  - J. \$1.38
- 3. Shelbie found 8 pennies, 1 nickel, and 3 quarters in her bank. How much money does Shelbie have?
  - A. \$0.59
  - B. \$0.48
  - C. \$1.88
  - D. \$0.88
- 4. Eric had 2 quarters, 5 nickels and 3 dimes. His mother gave him \$0.76. How much money does Eric have now?
  - F. \$1.81
  - G. \$1.80
  - H. \$1.76
  - J. \$0.81

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Multiplication of

Whole Numbers

#### **Maintenance #15**

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

1. 8 × 9  $\begin{array}{ccc}
2. & 7 \\
\times & 6
\end{array}$ 

- A. 72
- **B.** 17
- C. 1
- **D.** 81

- F. 13
- G. 42
- H. 1
- J. 49

3. 26 × 4

- 4. 34 × 5
- Answers

  1. A B C D

  2. F G H 3

  3. A B C D

  4. F G H 3

- A. 30
- **B.** 84
- C. 80
- **D.** 104

- F. 159
- G. 39
- H. 150
- J. 170

Content Cluster: Computation

Level: Multiplication and
Division of Whole Numbers

#### **Maintenance # 16**

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

3. If 
$$3 \times 6 = 18$$
,  
and  $6 \times 3 = 18$ ,  
what is  $18 \div 6 =$ 

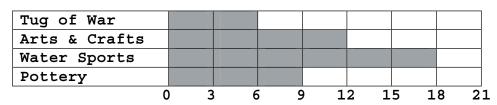
4. 
$$8 \times 7 = 56$$
  
 $7 \times 8 = 56$   
 $56 \div 7 =$ \_\_\_\_\_

Content Cluster: Statistics & Probability Focus: Interpret Bar Graphs, Identify

Most/Least Likely Outcomes

### **Maintenance #17**

#### Camp Activities



Number of Campers

- 1. Which activity has 18 campers in it?
  - A. Tug of War
  - B. Arts & Crafts
  - C. Water Sports
  - **D.** Pottery

- **Answers:**
- 1. ABCD
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

- 2. Which activity has the fewest campers in it?
  - F. Tug of War
  - G. Arts & Crafts
  - H. Water Sports
  - J. Pottery
- 3. How many more campers are involved in Arts & Crafts than in Tug of War?
  - A. 12 campers
  - B. 6 campers
  - C. 3 campers
  - D. 18 campers
- 4. What is the range of campers involved in the activities?
  - F.
  - G. 9

4

- H. 12
- J. 18

**Content Cluster:** Number Sense

**Focus:** Counting on, Comparing Numbers, 10 or 100 More or Less

#### Maintenance # 18

1. What are the next three numbers?

776, 777, 778, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_,

- A. 779, 778, 777
- B. 778, 779, 780
- C. 779, 780, 781
- D. 775, 776, 777

2. Which number is GREATER THAN 49? 39 or 50 or 48 or 49

- F. 39
- G. 50
- H. 48
- J. 49

3. Which number is 10 less than 435?

- A. 425
- B. 445
- C. 335
- D. 535

4. Which number is 100 more than 1,653?

- F. 100
- G. 1,553
- Н. 2,653
- J. 1,753

- 1. ABCD
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Linear Measurement

#### **Maintenance #19**

Read each question carefully, and fill in the circle in the answer box for the answer you choose.

For 1, measure using an inch ruler. For 2, measure using a centimeter ruler.

1.



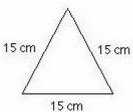
- A. 1 inch
- B. 2 inches
- C. 3 inches
- D. 4 inches

2.



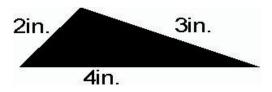
- F. 7 cm.
- G. 8 cm.
- H. 6 cm.
- J. 5 cm.

3. What is the perimeter of this triangle?



- A. 15 cm
- B. 30 cm
- C. 45 cm
- D. 225 cm

4. What is the perimeter of this triangle?



- F. 7 in.
- G. 9 in.
- H. 11 in.
- J. 8 in.

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

**Answers:** 

1. A B C D

2. F G H J

3. A B C D

4. F G H J

# STANDARDS PLUS TM - MATHEMATICS

Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Plane Figures

### **Maintenance # 20**

1. What shape are the faces of this cube?

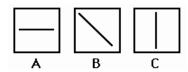


A. circleC. triangle

B. square

D. cube

2. Which box contains a diagonal line?



F. A H. C G. B

J. none of the above

3. Name the polygon.



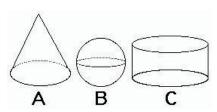
A. hexagon

C. pentagon

B. decagon

D. octagon

4. Which figure is a cylinder?



**F. A** 

G. B

Н. С

J. none of the above

### STANDARDS PLUS<sup>TM</sup> – MATHEMATICS

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

2.6 Make precise calculations and check the validity of the results in the context of the problem. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson # 1

Clue words that mean to add: altogether, plus, add. Clue words that mean to subtract: more than, take away, less, difference.

1. Lisa has 12 dolls and her friend Karen has 16 dolls. How many dolls do both girls have altogether?

Answer: 12 + 16 = 28 dolls

Is the answer reasonable? Why?:

2. Lou has 38 trading cards and his friend Kim has 16 trading cards. How many more trading cards does Lou have than Kim?

Answer: 38 - 16 = 22 trading cards

Is the answer reasonable? Why?:\_\_\_\_\_

3. Joe and Frank are playing with their blocks. Joe has 31 blocks and Frank has 11 blocks. How many marbles are the boys playing with altogether?

Answer: 31 + 11 = 21 blocks

Is the answer reasonable? Why?:

4. Joseph has 36 cookies to share. His mother takes 18 cookies away. How many cookies does Joseph have left?

Answer: 36 - 18 = 50

Is the answer reasonable? Why?:

# STANDARDS PLUS<sup>TM</sup> – MATHEMATICS

Content Cluster: Mathematical Reasoning Focus: Checking Validity of Answers

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

2.6 Make precise calculations and check the validity of the results in the context of the problem. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

1 / 6/	equisite CATISEE Standard)
	Lesson # 2 ample: Courtney and Kiesha both like to collect rocks. Courtney has 27 rocks in collection and Kiesha has 15 rocks. How many rocks do the girls have altogether?
	Answer: Is the answer reasonable? Why?:
	Kellen and Caleb each have 26 miniature trucks. How many miniature trucks do they have altogether?
	Answer: Is the answer reasonable? Why?:
	Jody collected 126 cans to recycle. Bill collected 67 cans to recycle. How many more cans did Jody collect than Bill?
	Answer: Is the answer correct? :
	The class read 264 library books in the first trimester. During the third trimester the same class read 374 library books. How many more books did they read during the third trimester?
	Answer: Is the answer reasonable? Why?:
	Holly has 75 CDs in her music collection. Her cousin, Martha, has 45 CDs, and her other cousin Steve has 67 CDs. How many CDs do the kids have altogether?
	Answer: Is the answer reasonable? Why?:

Content Cluster: Mathematical Reasoning Focus: Checking the Validity of Answers

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning 2.6 Make precise calculations and check the validity of the results in the context of the problem.

	L	esson # 3
	Multiply Altogether Times	<b>Divide</b> Equally Divide into
1.	There are 7 girls in the class who each have altogether?	ch have 2 dolls. How many dolls do the girls
	Answer: $7 \times 2 = 14$ dolls	
	Is the answer reasonable? Why?	:
	many cookies will each friend receive Answer: $42 \div 6 = 7$ cookies  Is the answer reasonable? Why?	e, if Larry divides the cookies equally?
3.	Joe, Frank, and Allen each have 12 t boys have altogether?	rading cards. How many trading cards do the
	Answer: $3 \times 12 = 8$ trading cards	$\mathbf{S}$
	Is the answer reasonable? Why?	:
4.	There are 15 slices of pizza for 5 bo how many slices will each boy get?	bys to share. If the boys share the pizza equally,
	Answer: $15 \div 5 = 20$ slices	

Is the answer reasonable? Why?:

# STANDARDS PLUS<sup>TM</sup> – MATHEMATICS

Content Cluster: Mathematical Reasoning Focus: Check the Validity of Answers

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

2.6 Make precise calculations and check the validity of the results in the context of the problem. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

	Lesson # 4
Th	ample: ere are 21 students in Mrs. Miller's class. Each student has read 6 books. How my books has the class read in all?
	Answer:
	Is the answer reasonable? Why?:
1.	Kyle has 72 trucks in his collection. He wants to share his trucks with two friends? If he divides the collection evenly how many trucks will each boy have?
	Answer:
	Is the answer reasonable? Why? :
2.	There are 96 cans of orange juice in a carton. Each carton has to be shared by 4 classes. How many cans of juice will each class receive?
	Answer:
	Is the answer reasonable? Why? :
3.	Each player on the baseball team batted 8 times during the baseball game. If there are 12 players on the baseball team, how many times did the team bat altogether?
	Answer:
	Is the answer reasonable? Why? :
4.	Holly and her friends each have 15 CDs in their music collection. She has 7 friends. How many CDs do they have in all?
	Answer:
	Is the answer reasonable? Why? :

# STANDARDS PLUS<sup>TM</sup> – MATHEMATICS

Content Cluster: Mathematical Reasoning Focus: Checking Validity of Answers

Assessment # 1
1. Julie and Rachel love to color. If Julie has 16 crayons and Rachel has 64 crayons, how many crayons do they have altogether?
Answer: $16 + 64 = 37$
Can this answer be right?
Why?
<ul> <li>Oscar has 54 trading cards. He divides them with his brother. How many cards does Oscar have now?</li> <li>Answer: 54 ÷ 2= 27</li> </ul>
Can this answer be correct?
Why?
Find the correct answer for problems 3 and 4 and explain why the answer is correct.
3. Helen has 5 bags of oranges. She has 25 oranges in each bag. How many oranges are there in all?
Answer:
How do you know it is correct?
4. There are 75 baseball players in the league. If there are 5 teams total, how many players are on each team?
Answer:
How do you know it is correct?

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Linear Measurement

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

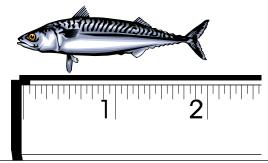
1.1 Choose the appropriate tools and units (metric & U.S.) and estimate and measure the <u>length</u>, liquid, volume, and weight/mass of given objects.

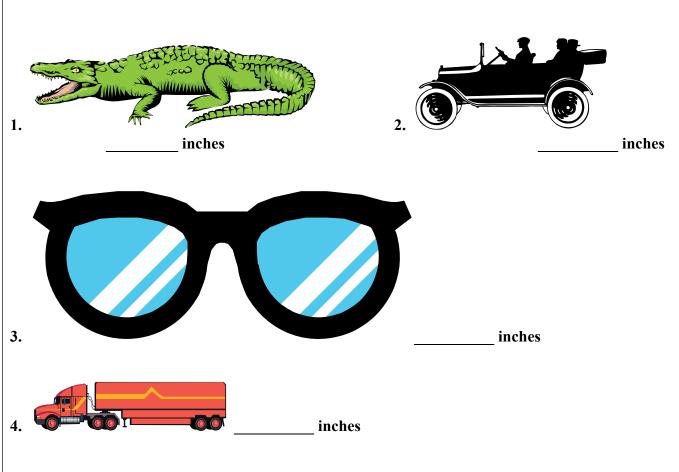
#### Lesson # 1

#### **Length - Customary Units**

Inch (in.)
Foot (ft.) 12 inches
Yard (yd.) 3 feet
Mile (mi) 5,280 feet

about the diameter of a quarter about the length of a binder about the width of a doorway about four times around a football field

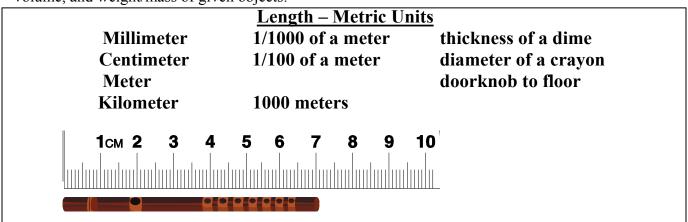


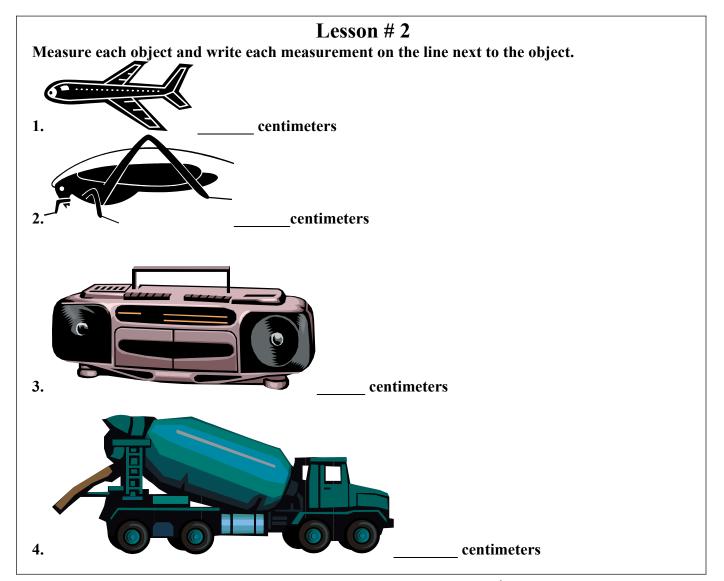


Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Linear Measurement

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

1.1 Choose the appropriate tools and units (metric & U.S.) and estimate and measure the length, liquid volume, and weight/mass of given objects.



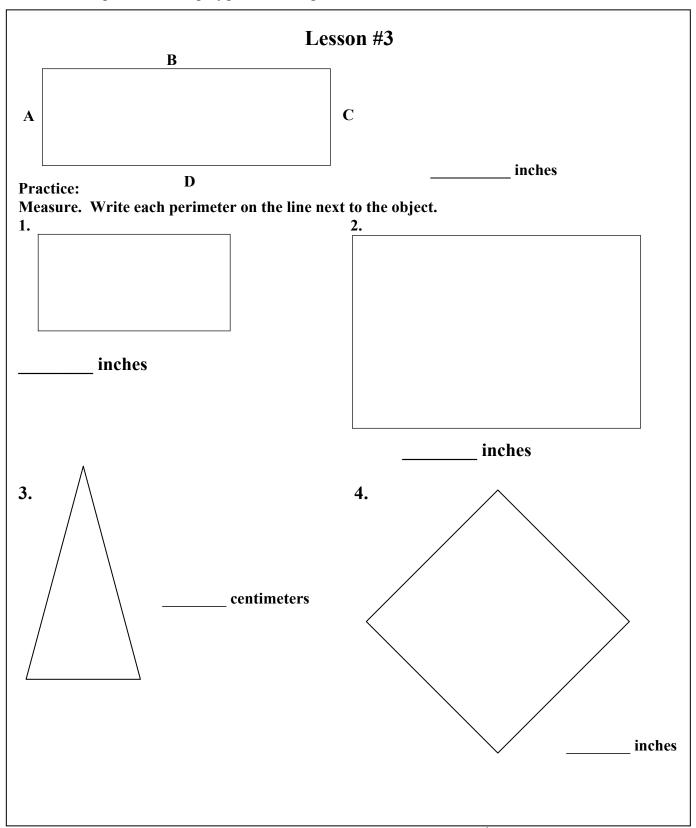


# <u>STANDARDS PLUS – MATHEMATICS</u>

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Length/Perimeter

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

1.3 Find the perimeter of a polygon with integer sides.



Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Area

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

1.2 Estimate or determine the area and volume of solid figures by covering them with squares or by counting the number of cubes that would fill them.

	Lesson # 4
1.	
	square units
2.	square units
3.	square units
4.	square units
5.	square units

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Length/Area/Perimeter

#### Assessment # 1

2.

Find the perimeter.

A 10 centimeters

**B** 8 centimeters

C 12 centimeters

D 6 centimeters

Find the length.



- A 1 inch
- B 2 inches
- C 3 inches
- D 4 inches
- 3. Find the area.



A 12 square units

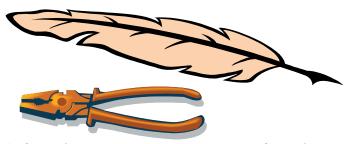
B 16 square units

C 18 square units

D 24 square units

- **Answers:**
- 1. A B C D
- 2. A B C D
- 3. A B C D
- 4. A B C D

4. How much longer is the feather than the pliers?



A 2 centimeters

**B** 3 centimeters

C 4 centimeters

D 5 centimeters

Focus: Money **Content Cluster:** Measurement

Standard: Number Sense

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard 5.1 Solve problems using combinations of coins and bills.

#### Lesson # 5













#### Sample:

#### Practice:











Total \$













Total \$\_\_\_\_.









Total \$ .

















Total \$\_\_\_\_.















Total \$ .

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Money

Standard: Number Sense Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard 5.1 Solve problems using combinations of coins and bills.

Lesson #6
Sample:
\$4.89five dollar billsone dollar bill
quartersdimesnickelspennies
1. \$6.52
\$5 bills, \$1 bills, quarters,
dimes, nickels, pennies
2. \$1.98
\$5 bills, \$1 bills, quarters,
dimes,pennies 3. \$8.50
\$5 bills, \$1 bills, quarters,
dimes, nickels, pennies 4. \$\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \int_{\infty}^{\infty}
\$5 bills, \$1 bills, quarters,
dimes, pennies

**Content Cluster:** Measurement Focus: Money

**Standard:** Number Sense Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard 5.1 Solve problems using combinations of coins and bills.

Sample:		Lesson #	¥ <b>7</b>	
	\$6.99	You have:	\$8.50	
You use:	5's	Q	N	
	1's	D	P	
Left over:	5's	Q	N	
	1's	D	P	

		Practice		
1.	\$2.19	You have: \$4.25		
You use:	5's	Q	N	
	1's	D	P	
Left over:	5's	Q	N	
2. \$5.05	1's You	D have: \$7.80	P	
You use:	5's	Q	N	
	1's	D	P	
Left over:	5's	Q	N	
	1's	D	P	

Focus: Money **Content Cluster:** Measurement

Standard: Number Sense

Reviev	w of a 2 <sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard 5.1 Solve problems using combinations of coins and bills.
	Lesson #8
Sam	nle·
	have \$10.00.
1 Ou	buy groceries totaling \$7.82.
\$10.0	What hills and soins do you need to make the change?
	· ·
<u>- 7.8</u> 2	
	5's1'sHDQDNP
<b>C</b> L	
Chan	ige:
	Practice
4	
1.	You have \$10.65.
	You buy socks for \$ 2.34.
	What is the change? What bills/coins will you need?5's1'sHDQDNP
	what bins/coms win you need:5 s1 sHDQDNF
2	
2.	You have \$ 8.50.
	You buy fruit for \$ 7.42. What is the change?
	What bills/coins will you need?5's1'sHDQDNP
	what bins/coms win you need5 s1 s1bQb11
3.	You have \$14.00.
	You buy toys for \$7.89.
	What is the change?
	What bills/coins will you need?5's1'sHDQDNP

**Content Cluster:** Measurement Focus: Money

#### Assessment # 2

What is the value of these bills and coins?















A \$2.92

B \$3.02

C \$2.87

D \$2.82















**Answers:** 

1. ABCD

2. F G H J

3. A B C D

4. F G H J

F \$2.40

G \$1.90

H \$3.40

J \$2.35



3. You have: \$3.85 Determine the change needed. A lollipop costs \$1.16.

A \$2.71

B \$5.01

C \$2.69

D \$4.91



You have \$12.98. Two tickets to the movies cost \$9.50. How much

change do you get?

F \$2.58

G \$3.48

H \$4.48

J \$3.58

**Content Cluster:** Measurement Focus: Time

**Standards:** Measurement and Geometry Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.4 Tell time to the nearest quarter hour and know relationships of time.

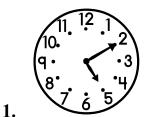
Sample:

Lesson #9

What time is it?



**Practice** 



2.



3.

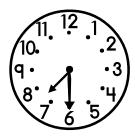
Focus: Time **Content Cluster:** Measurement

**Standard:** Measurement and Geometry Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.4 Tell time to the nearest quarter hour and know relationships

of time.

#### Lesson # 10

Sample:

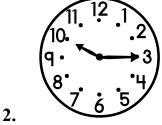


What time is it?

#### **Practice**

1.

Time Elapsed time\_\_\_\_\_



Time Elapsed time



**3**. Time Elapsed time



4. Time Elapsed time

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Temperature

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

1.1 Choose the appropriate tools and units (metric & U.S.) and estimate and measure length, liquid volume, and weight/mass of given objects

#### Lesson # 11

#### Sample:



What is the most likely temperature in this picture?

A 25°F

B 45°F

C 65°F

D 85°F



What is the most likely temperature in this picture?

A 25°F

B 45°F

C 65°F

D 85°F



What is the most likely temperature in this picture?

A 20°F

B 70°F

C 90°F

D 110°F



What is the most likely temperature in this picture?

A 20°F

3.

B 70°F

C 90°F

D 110°F

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Weight

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

1.1 Choose the appropriate tools and units (metric & U.S.) and estimate and measure length, liquid volume, and weight/mass of given objects

## Sample: Lesson #12 Match the items to their most likely weight. 2-3 ounces about 1 pound about 10 pounds more than 50 pounds List five things that weigh: about 1 pound about 10 pounds 2-3 ounces more than 50 pounds 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. **3. 3.** 3. 3. 4. 4. 4. 4. 5. **5. 5. 5.**

**Content Cluster:** Measurement **Focus:** Time/Temperature/

Weight

### **Assessment #3**

1. Which clock shows 2 hours before 5:15?









2. What is the time?

F 11:40

G 8:55

H 7:55

J 8:11



A 110°F

B 80°F

C 50°F

D 20°F



4. About how much does a slice of cheese weigh?

F 2-3 ounces

G about 1 pound

H about 10 pounds

J more than 50 pounds

**Answers:** 

1. ABCD

2. F G H J

3. (A) (B) (C) (D)

4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: Place Value

Standard: Number Sense

1.3 Identify the place value for each digit in numbers to 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

### Lesson #1

Hundred Thousands	Ten Thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
2	8	4	7	6	5
200,000	80,000			60	5

284,765

### **Solve:**

1. What	place value	does the tw	o have in	the number	1,246?
---------	-------------	-------------	-----------	------------	--------

2. What place value does the eight have in the number 8,492?

3. What digit is in the ones place in the number 497?

4. What digit is in the hundreds place in the number 8,647?

\_\_\_\_\_

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: Naming Numbers

**Standard:** Number Sense Review of  $2^{nd}$  Grade 1.2 Use words, models, and expanded forms (e.g., 45 = 4 tens + 5) to represent numbers (to 1,000).

		Lesson # 2	
4 fou	- •	500 y five hundred	8,000 eight thousand
7,624: Sev	en thousand, six	hundred twenty-four	
5,491:			
olve:			
1. Write	the word name	for 892.	
2. Write	the number that	t goes with the word n	ame, Four thousand.
			-
		t goes with the word n	

Focus: Identifying Odd & Even **Content Cluster:** Number Sense

Numbers

Standard: Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 1.1 Sort objects and data by common attributes and describe the categories.

#### Lesson #3

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \underline{0} & \underline{2} & \underline{4} & \underline{6} & \underline{8} \\ & \text{Even digits} & \end{array}$$

### Circle the correct answer:

1. Is 365 an odd or an even number?

Odd

Even

2. Is 7,532 an odd or an even number?

Odd

Even

3. Find the odd number.

4. Find the even number.

**Content Cluster:** Number Sense Focus: Expanded Notation

**Standard:** Number Sense

1.5 Use expanded notation to represent numbers (e.g., 3,206 = 3,000 + 200 + 6).

### Lesson #4

## Sample:

$$7,236: 7,000 + 200 + 30 + 6$$

589: 
$$(5 \times 100) + (8 \times 10) + (9 \times 1)$$

## **Solve:**

1. What number does this represent? Write the number.

2. What number does this represent? Write the number.

$$(3 \times 1,000) + (2 \times 100) + (9 \times 10) + (1 \times 1)$$

- 3. Write 747 in expanded notation.
- 4. What is the correct way to write 1,852 in expanded notation?

A. 
$$100 + 800 + 50 + 2$$
 B.  $1,800 + 50 + 2$  C.  $(18 \times 1,000) + 50 + (2 \times 1)$  D.  $1,000 + 800 +$ 

B. 
$$1,800 + 50 + 2$$

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: Place Value, Name Numbers,

Expanded Notation, Identifying Odd &

Even

### Assessment #1

- 1. What place value does the underlined digit represent? 1,976
  - A. ones
  - B. tens
  - C. hundreds
  - D. thousands
- 2. What is the correct way to write 8,442 in words?
  - F. Eighty-four forty-two
  - G. Eight thousand, four hundred forty-two
  - H. Eight four hundred forty-two
  - J. Eight four four two
- 3. Which number is <u>not</u> an odd number?
  - A. 211
- B. 1112
- C. 23
- D. 9
- 4. What number can also be written as 5,000 + 700 + 2?
  - F. 5,702
  - G. 572
  - H. 5,720
  - J. 5,072

## **Answers:**

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. F G H 3
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

**Content Cluster:** Number Sense **Focus:** Counting on from a Number other than 1

Standard: Number Sense

1.1 Count, read, and write whole numbers to 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

Lesson # 5
Sample:
A: 32, 33, 34,,,
B: 160, 161, 162,,,
C: 987, 988, 989,,,
Solve:
1. What are the next three numbers?
A. 71, 72, 73,,
B. 56, 57, 58,,,
2. What are the next three numbers?
324, 325, 326,,,
3. What are the next four numbers?
806, 807, 808,,,,
4. What are the next four numbers?
995, 996, 997,,,,

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: 10 or 100 more/less

Standard: Number Sense

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade 2.3 Use mental arithmetic to find the sum or difference of two two-digit numbers.

	Lesson # 6
Sample: Write the num	ber that is:
A. 10 more: <u>3</u> 2,	
B. 10 less:, 1 <u>5</u> 5	
C. 10 less, 10 more:	, 6 <u>7</u> 3,
1. What number is 10 le	ss?
A, <u>5</u> 3	B, 1 <u>0</u> 0
C, 4 <u>6</u> 9	D, 1,0 <u>4</u> 0
2. What number is 10 m	ore?
A. <u>4</u> 4,	B. <u>9</u> 0,
C. 3 <u>3</u> 1,	D. 7 <u>1</u> 0,
Sample: Write the num	ber that is:
A. 100 more: <u>3</u> 52,	_
B. 100 less:, <u>8</u> 57	
C. 100 less, 100 more: _	, <u>7</u> 09,
3. What number is 100 l	less?
A, <u>9</u> 90	B, <u>6</u> 54
C, <u>8</u> 12	D, 1, <u>3</u> 05
4. What number is 100	more?
A. 78,	B. <u>5</u> 55,
C. 2, <u>9</u> 00,	D. 4, <u>0</u> 87,

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: Comparing Numbers

**Standard:** Number Sense

1.2 Compare and order whole numbers to 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

		Lesson # 7
Sample	•	
< mea	ns less than	> means greater than = means
		equal to
A. 86	54	
B. 125	125	
C. 954	981	
Solve	:	
1.	675	820
2.	120	12
3.	34 3	34
4.	512	521
5.	2,321	_ 2,897
6.	1,092	_ 1,092
7.	333	244
8.	450	399
9.	2,549	_ 5,901
10.	98 9	99

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: Comparing Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

1.2 Compare and order whole numbers to 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

Sample:		Lesson # 8	
_	s less than	> means greater than	= means equal to
A. 780	61	1,001	
B. 802	2 :	804	
C. 64,	341	64, 319	
<b>Solve:</b>			
1.	543	563	
2.	345	445	
3.	9,609	8,609	
4.	45,908	45,900	
5.	65,021	65,021	
6.	34,123	34,743	
7.	13	130	
8.	96,076	96,706	
9.	23,549	23,546	
10.	82,420	82,422	

Content Cluster: Number Sense Focus: Counting on From

Numbers Other than 1, 10 and 100 More/Less, Comparing Numbers

Assessment #
--------------

1	What 1	three	numbers	come	next?
1.	vv nat		Humber 3	CUIIIC	HUAL:

67, 68, 69, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

- A. 64, 65, 66
- B. 70, 71, 72
- C. 60, 61, 62
- D. 69, 70, 72
- 2. What number is ten less than 423?

F. 413

G. 433

Н. 323 J. 23

3. What number is 100 more than 5,110?

A. 5,111

B. 5,010 C. 8,210 D. 5,210

4. What symbol should be used in this number comparison?

412 \_\_\_\_ 513

 $\mathbf{F}_{\bullet} =$ 

G. >

H. <

J. (a)

## **Answers:**

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Number Sentences

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

### Lesson # 1

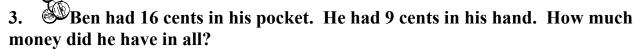
Sample: There are 5 eagles in the tree. 6 more eagles landed in the tree. How many eagles were in the tree in all?

A. 
$$5+6=\frac{1}{5+6}$$

B. 
$$6-5 =$$
D.  $-5 = 6$ 

1. Mr. Kane washed his dog. He put 15 gallons of water in the tub. 7 gallons of water splashed out of the tub. How many gallons of water were left in the tub?

2. Mark hopped on one foot for 17 minutes. Jenny hopped on one foot for 12 minutes. How much longer did Jenny hop than Mark?



4. Yolanda read a book that was 35 pages long. Then she read a book that was 22 pages long. How many pages did she read altogether?

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies **Focus:** Number Sentences

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

### Lesson # 2

Vince rode his motorcycle 64 miles to the beach. Then Sample: ( he drove 37 miles to the museum. How much farther did he ride to the beach than the museum?

64 + 37 = \_\_\_\_ Α.

C. 64 - 37 =

B. 37 + 64 = \_\_\_\_ = 37 D. 64 - \_\_\_\_ = 37

Molly read 116 books in April. Randy read 49 books in April. How 1. many books did they read in all?

A. 116 + 49 = \_\_\_\_

B. 116 - 49 = \_\_\_\_ = 116

- C. 49 116 =
- Ben played for 45 minutes at Jim's house. Becky played for 27 minutes at Tami's house. How much longer did Ben play at Jim's than Becky played at Tami's?



512 rabbits lived in the woods. 635 raccoons lived in the woods. How many more raccoons lived in the woods than rabbits?

A. 
$$512 + 635 =$$

C. 
$$635 + 512 =$$

D. 
$$635 - 512 =$$

4. A red car drove 1,024 miles. A blue car drove 922 miles. How many miles did the two cars drive in all?

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies **Focus:** Number Sentences

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

### Lesson #3

Sample: Mandy had 3 boxes of crayons. There were 8 crayons in each box. How many crayons did she have in all?

David has 5 cookies in each bag. He has 4 bags. How many cookies does he have in all?

B. 
$$5-4=$$

🛂 Jim ran 4 miles every day for 9 days. How many miles did Jim run altogether?

C. 
$$4 + 9 =$$

Henry threw 7 strikes in each inning of the baseball game. The game was 9 innings long. How many strikes did he throw in the game?

A. 
$$7 + 9 =$$
C.  $7 \times 9 =$ 

C. 
$$7 \times 9 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

Hugo went fishing. Hugo caught 6 fish. Each fish weighed 8 pounds. How many pounds of fish did Hugo catch?

D. 
$$6 \times 8 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies **Focus:** Number Sentences

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

-37. TO

1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

### Lesson # 4

Sample: 26 friends went to the movies. They each bought popcorn and a soda that cost \$5. How much did their snacks cost in all?

A. 
$$26 + 5 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

B. 
$$26 - 5 =$$

C. 
$$26 \times 5 =$$

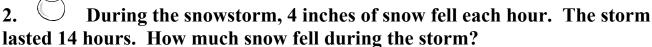
D. 
$$2 + 6 + 5 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

1. There were 6,987 firefighters in the state. 991 of the firefighters were female. How many firefighters were male?

A. 
$$6,987 + 991 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

B. 
$$6.987 - 991 =$$

C. 
$$6,987 \times 991 =$$



Dr. Fitz filled 226 cavities in March, 405 cavities in April, and 319 cavities in May. How many cavities did he fill in those three months?

A. 
$$226 + 405 + 319 =$$

B. 
$$226 - 319 + 405 =$$

A. 
$$226 + 405 + 319 =$$
 B.  $226 - 319 + 405 =$  C.  $226 \times 405 \times 319 =$  D.  $405 - 226 +$  = 319

D. 
$$405 - 226 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 319$$

4. Mom went shopping. She bought 4 pounds of bananas. Each pound costs \$1.23. How much did the bananas cost in all?

A. 
$$4 + \$1.23 =$$

B. 
$$4 - \$1.23 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

C. 
$$4 \times = \$1.23$$

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies **Focus:** Number Sentences

### Assessment # 1

**▶**Fred ran 112 miles in January. Mary ran 142 miles in January. How many more miles did Mary run than Fred in January?

C. 
$$142 - 112 =$$

2. Karen has 453 dolls in her closet. She has 226 dolls on her shelf. How many dolls does she have in all?

G. 
$$226 + = 453$$

H. 
$$453 - 226 =$$

Pedro eats 6 hotdogs at every baseball game. He goes to 12 baseball games. How many hotdogs did Pedro eat in all?

C. 
$$12 - = 6$$

There were 63 rows of carrots in the garden. There were 28 carrots in each row. How many carrots were in the garden in all?

G. 
$$63 \times 28 =$$

H. 
$$28 - 63 =$$

## Answers

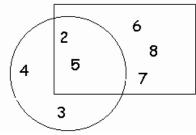
**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies **Focus:** Using Non-standard Routines

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

1.1 Analyze problems by identifying relationships, distinguishing relevant from irrelevant information, and observing patterns. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

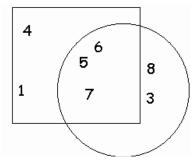
### Lesson # 5

## Sample:



Which two numbers are in the circle and the rectangle?

- A. 3 and 4
- B. 5 and 2
- C. 7 and 8
- D. 3 and 5



- 1. Which numbers are in the circle and the square?
  - A. 1, 3, and 4
  - B. 1, 3, 4, and 8
  - C. 5, 6, and 7
  - D. 3, 6, 7, and 8

- 2. Which numbers are in the square but not in the circle?
  - A. 1 and 4
  - B. 3 and 8
  - C. 5 and 6
  - D. 7 and 8
- 3. Which numbers are in the circle?
  - A. 5, 6, 7, and 8
  - B. 3 and 8
  - C. 3, 5, 6, 7, and 8
  - D. 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7

- 4. Which numbers are in the circle or the square?
  - A. 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7
  - B. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8
  - C. 1, 3, 4, and 8
  - D. 0

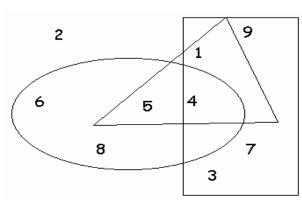
Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

1.1 Analyze problems by identifying relationships, distinguishing relevant from irrelevant information, and observing patterns. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



Sample:



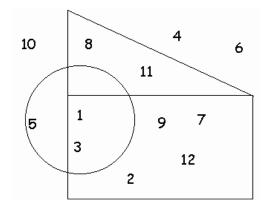
Which number is in the oval, the triangle, and the rectangle?

A. 1

B. 3

C. 4

D. 5



- 1. Which numbers are in the circle?
  - A. 1, 3, and 5
  - B. 1, 3, and 6
  - C. 1, 5, and 6
  - D. 1, 5, and 8
- 3. Which number is in the circle but not in the rectangle?
  - A. 1
  - B. 3
  - C. 5
  - D. 6

- 2. Which numbers are in the triangle?
  - A. 4, 6, and 10
  - B. 1, 3, and 5
  - C. 2, 7, 9, and 12
  - D. 8 and 11
- 4. Which numbers are not in the circle, triangle, or rectangle?
  - A. 1, 3, and 5
  - B. 4, 6, and 10
  - C. 8 and 11
  - D. 2, 7, 9, and 12

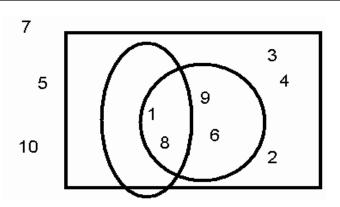
Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

1.1 Analyze problems by identifying relationships, distinguishing relevant from irrelevant information, and observing patterns. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



Sample:



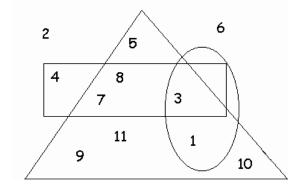
Which numbers are not in the rectangle?

A. 2, 3, and 4

B. 5, 7, and 10

C. 1, 6, 8, and 9

D. 1 and 8



- 1. Which numbers are in the oval?
  - A. 1 and 3
  - B. 1, 3, and 10
  - C. 2, 4, and 6
  - D. 2 and 6
- 3. Which numbers are not in the oval or the triangle?
  - A. 2 and 6
  - B. 5, 9, 10, and 11
  - C. 4, 7, and 8
  - D. 2, 4, and 6

- 2. Which numbers are in the triangle?
  - A. 3, 4, 7, and 8
  - B. 5, 9, 10, and 11
  - C. 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11
  - D. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, and 8
- 4. Which numbers are not in the rectangle or oval?
  - A. 2, 5, 6, 9, 10, and 11
  - B. 1, 3, 4, 7, and 8
  - C. 2, 4, and 6
  - D. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8

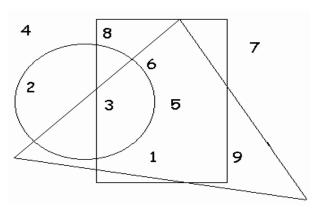
Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

1.1 Analyze problems by identifying relationships, distinguishing relevant from irrelevant information, and observing patterns. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

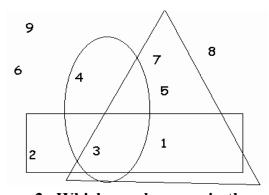
### Lesson #8

Sample:



Which numbers are not in the circle or the rectangle?

- A. 7 and 9
- B. 2, 4, 7, and 9
- C. 2, 3, and 4
- D. 4, 7, and 9



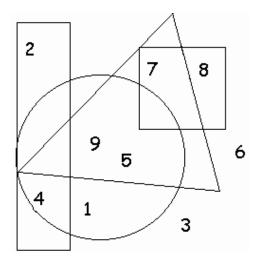
- 1. Which numbers are in the triangle?
  - A. 5 and 7
  - B. 1, 2, and 3
  - C. 1, 3, 5, and 7
  - D. 6, 8, and 9
- 3. Which numbers are not in the oval or the triangle?
  - A. 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9
  - B. 2, 6, 8, and 9
  - C. 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9
  - D. 2

- 2. Which numbers are in the rectangle?
  - A. 1, 2, and 3
  - B. 3 and 4
  - C. 1, 5, and 7
  - D. 6, 8, and 9
- 4. Which number is in the oval, triangle, and the rectangle?
  - A 3
  - B. 5
  - C. 7
  - D. 9

Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-Standard

Routines

### Assessment # 2



- 1. Which number is in the triangle but not in the circle?
  - A. 5
  - B. 6
  - C. 7
  - D. 8
- 3. Which numbers are not in the triangle or the circle?
  - A. 2, 3, 6, and 8
  - B. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8
  - C. 1, 3, 4, 5, and 7
  - D. 5, 7, and 9

- 2. Which numbers are in the triangle or the square?
  - F. 5 and 9
  - G. 2 and 4
  - H. 3 and 6
  - J. 5, 7, 8, and 9
- 4. Which numbers are in the circle?
  - F. 1, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9
  - G. 1, 3, 4, 5, and 7
  - H. 1, 4, 5, and 9
  - J. 2 and 4

## **Answers**

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H 3
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

le:	Le	esson # 9						
City	San Diego Fo	ontana	San Francisco	Fresno				
Los Angeles	116	55 miles	344 miles	200 miles				
		•	D 0					
t is the distanc	e trom Los An	geles to	Fresno?					
he diagram to	answer the qu	estions:						
City	Los Angeles	San	Diego	Laguna Beach				
Fontana 55 miles 90 miles 42 miles								
Rialto	59 miles	91	miles	45 miles				
What is the dis	tance from Ria Diego from Fo		guna Beach?					

4. Which city is farthest from Rialto?

# $\underline{STANDARDS\ PLUS\ ^{TM}-MATHEMATICS}$

Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

1		Les	sson # 10						
nple:			<u>Pets</u>						
Dogs Cats Mice Fish									
Maria	1	2	0	12					
Joshua	3	0	2	6					
the table t		-		y and Her	nry play.				
Trumpet Drums Flute Piano Tuba Clarine									
	Tommy Yes Yes No Yes Yes No								
Tommy	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			
Tommy Henry	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	No Yes	Yes Yes	Yes No	No Yes			
Henry		Yes	Yes	Yes					
Henry . How man	Yes	Yes  nts does 7	Yes  Tommy p	Yes lay?	No				

Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

# Lesson # 11 Michael's Monday Work Schedule:

Time	Activity	Time	Activity
7:30	Breakfast meeting	1:45	Work on projects
8:45	Make phone calls	3:00	Return phone calls
9:30	Write letters	3:30	Meeting
10:15	Meeting	4:30	Check email
11:15	Read mail	5:00	Meeting
12:00	Lunch	6:00	Dinner
1:00	Meeting		

Sample:
---------

At	what	time	did	Mi	chael	l cl	hecl	k l	his	email'	)

### Use the table. Solve.

1.	When was	Michael's	breakfast	meeting	over?	

2. What did Michael do right before lunch? \_\_\_\_\_

3.	How 1	long was	Michael's	last meeting	?
----	-------	----------	-----------	--------------	---

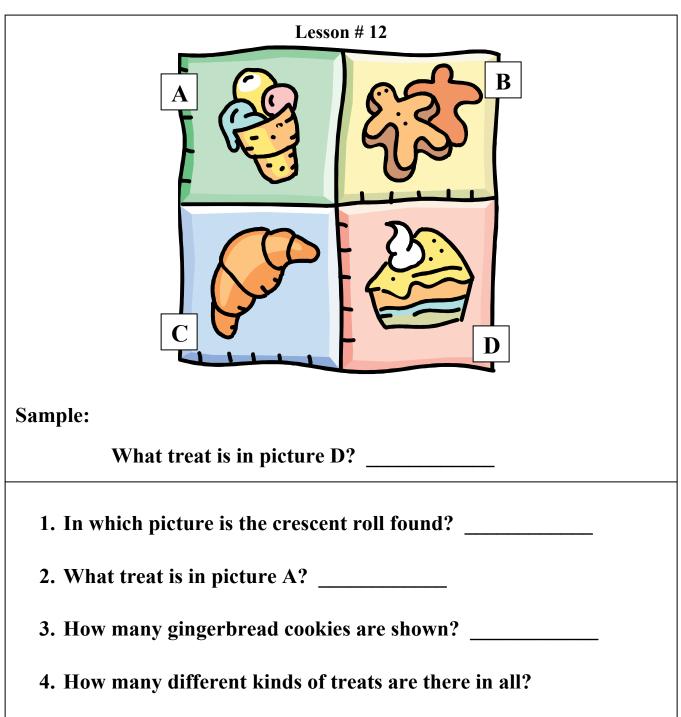
4. How long did Michael spend in his meeting right after lunch?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-standard Routines

**Standard:** Mathematical Reasoning

2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



Content Cluster: Problem Solving Strategies Focus: Using Non-Standard

Routines

#### Assessment # 3

## Jessica's Saturday Schedule:

Time	Activity	Time	Activity
8:30	Wake up	1:00	Eat lunch
8:35	Brush teeth	2:00	Call cousin Sarah
8:45	Get dressed	3:00	Ride bicycle
9:00	Eat breakfast	4:00	Swim
9:45	Help mom clean up	5:00	Help mom with dinner
11:00	Watch cartoons	6:00	Eat dinner

## 1. What will Jessica do at 9:45?

- A. Watch cartoons
- B. Eat breakfast
- C. Ride bicycle
- D. Help mom clean up

### 2. What will Jessica do before swim?

- F. Eat dinner
- G. Ride bicycle
- H. Help mom clean up
- J. Get dressed

# 3. How long will it take Jessica to eat lunch?

- A. one hour
- B. three hours
- C. two hours
- D. thirty minutes

# 4. At what time will Jessica be calling her cousin Sarah?

- F. 6:00
- G. 8:45
- H. 2:00
- J. 9:00

## **Answers**

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J

**Content Cluster:** Problem Solving Focus: Using Non-Standard Routines,

Number Sentences **Strategies** 

Standard: Mathematical Reasoning

- 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)
- 2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

### Review # 1

Martin has 13 books. Nick has 6 books. How many books do they Sample A: have in all?

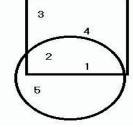
A. 
$$13 + = 6$$

A. 
$$13 + = 6$$
 B.  $13 + 6 =$  C.  $13 - 6 =$  D.  $6 - 13 =$ 

C. 
$$13 - 6 =$$
\_\_\_\_

D. 
$$6 - 13 =$$

Sample B:



What number is in the oval but not in the rectangle?

Hannah had 25 puppies. She gave 12 puppies away. How many puppies did she have left?

A. 
$$25 + 12 =$$

A. 
$$25 + 12 =$$
 B.  $25 - 12 =$  C.  $12 - 25 =$  D.  $25 +$  = 12

C. 
$$12 - 25 =$$

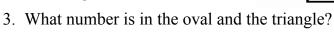
D. 
$$25 + = 12$$

Jared has 46 trucks. He bought 32 more trucks. How many trucks does he have in all?

F. 
$$46 + 32 =$$

H. 
$$32 - 46 =$$

Use the diagram to answer 3 and 4:



A. 3

- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 6
- 4. What number is in the triangle but not the rectangle or oval?
  - F. 3

- G. 4
- H. 5
- J. 6

## **Answers:**

- 1. ABCD
- 2. **F G H J**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Time and Money

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

Review of Grade 2 1.4 Tell time to the nearest quarter hour and know the relationships of time.

5.1 Solve problems using combinations of coins and bills.

### Review # 2

Sample A:



cents



What time will it be in 3 hours?

#### Find the total:





- A. 56 cents
- B. \$1.36
- C. \$1.06
- D. \$1.11



- A. 37 cents
- B. \$1.35
- C. 65 cents
- D. 35 cents



- F. 22 cents
- G. 41 cents
- H. 40 cents
- J. \$1.02



- F. \$1.25
- G. \$1.10
- H. \$1.05
- J. \$1.01

### Answers:

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. F G H J
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J
- 5. A B C D
- 6. F G H J
- 7. **A B C D**
- 8. F G H J

### **Determine the time:**



5.

7.

1 hour later

- A. 3:10
- B. 10:15
- C. 11:15
- D. 12:00



6 hours before

- A. 1:45
- B. 9:08
- C. 7:45
- D. 8:45



,

2 hours before

- F. 4:30
- G. 4:06
- Н. 6:30
- J. 2:30



. 7 6 5 1 hour, 30 minutes later

- .
  - G. 12:45

9:30

- H. 10:30
- J. 5:30

Content Cluster: Measurement Focus: Inches and Centimeters, Money

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

1.0 Students choose and use appropriate units and measurement tools to quantify the properties of objects. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

### Review #3

### Measure to the nearest inch:



A. 1 inch

1.

- B. 2 inches
- C. 3 inches
- D 4 inches

- 2.
  - F. 1 inch
  - G. 2 inches
  - H. 3 inches
  - J. 4 inches

### Answers:

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J
- 5. ABCD
- 6. FGHJ
- 7. **A B C D**
- 8. F G H J





- A. 5 centimeters
- B. 6 centimeters
- C. 7 centimeters
- D. 8 centimeters

- 4
  - F. 1 centimeter
  - G. 2 centimeters
  - H. 3 centimeters
  - J. 4 centimeters

### **Answer the questions about bills and coins:**

- 5. What is the total amount of 4 quarters?
- A. \$1.00
- B. \$4.00
- C. 50¢
- D. 75¢
- 6. A bag of chips costs 88¢. Which coins make the exact amount?
- F. 4 dimes, 6 nickels, and 8 pennies
- G. 3 quarters, 1 dime, 1 nickel
- H. 4 dimes, 7 nickels, and 8 pennies
- J. 3 quarters, 1 dime, and 3 pennies
- 7. Jovita has 1 quarter, 13 dimes, 2 nickels, and 8 pennies. She gave Willie 35¢. How much money does she have left?
- A. \$0.11
- \$2.08
- C. \$1.73
- D. \$1.38
- 8. Denver found 3 dimes, 7 quarters, and 8 pennies in his treasure box. How much money does he have?
- F. \$2.13
- G. \$1.13

В.

- H. \$1.88
- J. \$1.78

Answers:

1. (A) (B) (C) (D)

2. F G H J

3. (A) (B) (C) (D)

4. F G H J

5. A B C D 6. F G H J 7. A B C D

8. F G H J

9. (A) (B) (C) (D)

# STANDARDS PLUS TM - MATHEMATICS

Content Cluster: Computation Focus: Addition and Subtraction of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.1 Find the sum or difference of two whole numbers between 0 and 10,000. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

$\mathbf{r}$	- 11	4
Revie	W#	4

Sample A: 2,874 +1,308 Sample B: 62,130 - 9,217

### **Solve:**

**Content Cluster:** Computation in Context Focus: Addition and Subtraction

of Whole Numbers

C 1 1	3 6 4 4 4 1	ъ .
Standard:	Mathematical	Reasoning
ounam a.	Manifelliation	Teasoning

- 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)
- 2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

_	_	
D.	eview	#5

женен на	
Sample A: There are 36 bees in the beehive. 38	more bees flew
to the hive. How many bees are in the hive now?	
Sample B: There are 345 eggs in the basket. Somethe eggs. How many eggs are left in the basket?	eone took 118 of
1. Rudy drove his truck 50 miles. Henry drove his truck 93	Answers:
miles. How much farther did Henry drive than Rudy?	1. A B C D
A. 143 miles B. 53 miles C. 153 miles D. 43 miles	
	2. F G H J
2. Tami and Gloria each had 432 flower pots. 200 of the pots were re	ed. 3. A B C D
How many were not red?	J. 6. 9 9 9
F. 664 pots G. 232 pots H. 464 pots J. 632 po	4. F G H J
	5. (A) (B) (C) (D)

Mr. Tanner had 637 puzzle pieces. The puzzle was supposed to have 1,000 pieces in all. How many puzzle pieces were missing?

A. 1,637 pieces

B. 363 pieces

C. 473 pieces

**D. 1,363 pieces** 

Bonnie drew 539 pictures in third grade. She gave 214 of them away. Then she drew 486 more pictures. How many pictures did she have then?

F. 325 pictures

G. 811 pictures H. 1,239 pictures J. 267 pictures

Mason fed his cows 346 bales of hay a month. How many bales of hay did he feed his cows in March and April?

A. 346 bales

**B.** 682 bales

C. 692 bales

**D.** 344 bales

**Content Cluster:** Number Sense Focus: Place Value, Expanded

Notation, Name Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

1.0 Students understand the place value of whole numbers.

## Review #6

**Sample A:** 3,172 what is the value of the underlined digit?

**Sample B:** What is another way to write 4,000 + 600 + 30 + 7?

**Sample C:** What is the word name for 647?

## Determine the value of each underlined digit in numbers 1-3:

- 1. 7,421
- 2. 9,890
- 3. 12,439

- **A.** 1
- **B.** 10
- **C.** 100
- **D.** 1,000

- **F.** 9
- **G.** 90
- **H.** 900
- **J.** 9,000

- **A.** 3
- **B.** 30
- **C.** 300
- **D.** 3,000

## Answers:

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. **F G H J**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. (F) (G) (H) (J)

## **Determine another way to write the following numbers:**

4. 
$$600 + 10 + 8$$

6. 
$$4,000 + 200 + 6$$

6. 
$$4,000 + 200 + 6$$

## Determine the word name for the following numbers:

7. 402

8. 3,140

9. 12

- **A.** Four zero two
- **B.** Four hundred two
- **D.** Four nothing two
- **F.** Three one-forty
- **G.** Three hundred fourteen
- **H.** Three, one hundred four
- **J.** Three thousand, one hundred forty
- **A.** One two
- **B.** Twenty-one
- C. Twelve
- **D.** Two-one

Content Cluster: Geometry Focus: Plane Figures, Congruency, Symmetry

**Standard:** Measurement & Geometry

2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

Review #7					
Sample A: Circle	Sample A: Circle the vertical line:				
Sample B: Circle	the figure that is symme	etrical:	•		
Sample C: Circle	the figure that is congr	uent to this triangle:			
		$\Diamond$			
<b>Determine the type</b>	of line shown:				
1. ———	2.	3.	Answers:		
A . C	E. Command	A . C	1. ABCD		
A. Curved B. Vertical	F. Curved G. Vertical	A. Curved B. Vertical	2. F G H J		
C. Horizontal	H. Rectangle	C. Rectangle	3. ABCD		
D. Diagonal	J. Diagonal	D. Diagonal			
Determine which shape is <u>not</u> symmetrical:					
Determine which si	tape is <u>not</u> symmetrical.		5. A B C D		
4. F. <b>V</b>	5. A. 🗺	6. F. ♦	6. <b>(F) (G) (H) (3)</b>		
G.	В. 🛛	G. 🗖	7. <b>A B C D</b>		
н. 🕽	с. 🌞	н. 💖	8. F G H J		
J. <del>X</del>	D. 🄏	Ј. 🍫	9. <b>A B C D</b>		
Determine which figure is congruent to the given figure:					
7. 🔾	8.	9. 🔷			
A. *	<b>F.</b>	A. 🔷			
в. 🔷	G.	в. 🗆			
c. O	н.	c. O			
D. 🔷	J. 🗖	D. 🗌			

**Content Cluster:** Statistics and Focus: Interpret Line Graphs and Tables, Identify Most and Least Likely Outcomes

Standard: Statistics, Data Analysis, & Probability

1.3 Summarize and display the results of probability experiments in a clear and organized way (e.g., use a bar graph or a line plot. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

### Review #8

Use the following line graph to answer the questions.



- 1. How many cans were recycled during Month 4?
  - A. 10 cans
  - **B.** 40 cans
  - C. 30 cans
  - D. 50 cans
- 3. How many more cans were recycled in month 7 than month 1?
  - A. 10 cans
  - B. 20 cans
  - C. 30 cans
  - D. 40 cans

- 2. How many cans were recycled in all?
  - F. 50 cans
  - G. 150 cans
  - H. 240 cans
  - J. 1,000 cans
- 4. In which month were the least number of cans recycled?
  - F. Month 1
  - G. Month 3
  - H. Month 5
  - J. Month 7

### Answers:

- 1. ABCD
- 2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)**
- 3. ABCD
- 4. F G H J
- 5. ABCD
- 6. FGHJ
- 7. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 8. F G H J

Use the table to answer the question.

Mom's Carpool Sche	dule
Lucas & Angela Jones	7:20 A.M
Crystal Mooler	7:35 A.M
Dustin Hughes	7:40 A.M
Amy Tanner	7:45 A.M
Bryce Woodman	7:55 A.M
Erica Shawe	8:00 A.M

- 5. Who is picked up at 7:55 A.M.?
  - A. Crystal Moller
  - **B.** Erica Shawe
  - C. Angela Jones
  - D. Bryce Woodman
- 7. Who is picked up first?
  - A. Lucas & Angela Jones
    - B. Dustin Hughes
    - C. Amy Tanner
    - D. Erica Shawe

- 6. At what time it Crystal Mooler picked up?
  - F. 7:20 A.M.
  - G. 7:35 A.M.
  - H. 7:45 A.M.
  - J. 8:00 A.M.
- 8. Who is picked up last?
  - F. Lucas & Angela Jones
  - G. Dustin Hughes
  - H. Amy Tanner
  - J. Erica Shawe

**Content Cluster:** Computation Focus: Missing Numbers, Repeated Addition,

Multiplication and Division of Whole

Numbers

Standard: Number Sense

2.0 Students calculate and solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.

## Review #9

Sample A:

$$17 + \square = 25$$

Sample B:

Which has the same value as 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3?

$$F. 3 \times 4$$

$$G. 3 \times 5$$

H. 
$$3 \times 6$$

1. 
$$\Box$$
 - 3 = 26

2. 
$$15 + \square = 45$$

3. **93** - 
$$\square$$
 = **60**

## 4. Which has the same value as $4 \times 5$ ?

$$F. 4 + 5$$

$$G.5+4+5+4$$

$$J. 4+4+4+4+4$$

## **Answers:**

- 1. ABCD
- 2. **F G H J**
- 3. A B C D
- 4. **F G H J**
- 5. A B C D

B. 
$$7 \times 5$$

B. 
$$7 \times 5$$
 C.  $7 \times 10$ 

**Content Cluster:** Algebra & Functions Focus: Using Variables

Standard: Algebra & Functions

1.0 Students select appropriate symbols, operations, and properties to represent, describe, simplify, and solve simple number relationships. (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

Sample B: 
$$7 \times 9 = 63$$
  $9 \times 7 = _____$ 

Sample C: 
$$6w = 42$$

$$\mathbf{w} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$67 + 54 =$$

$$78 + 126 =$$

3. 
$$9 \times 3 = 27$$

4. 
$$23 \times 4 = 92$$

4. 
$$23 \times 4 = 92$$
  $4 \times 23 =$  G.  $92$ 

5. 
$$3q = 36$$

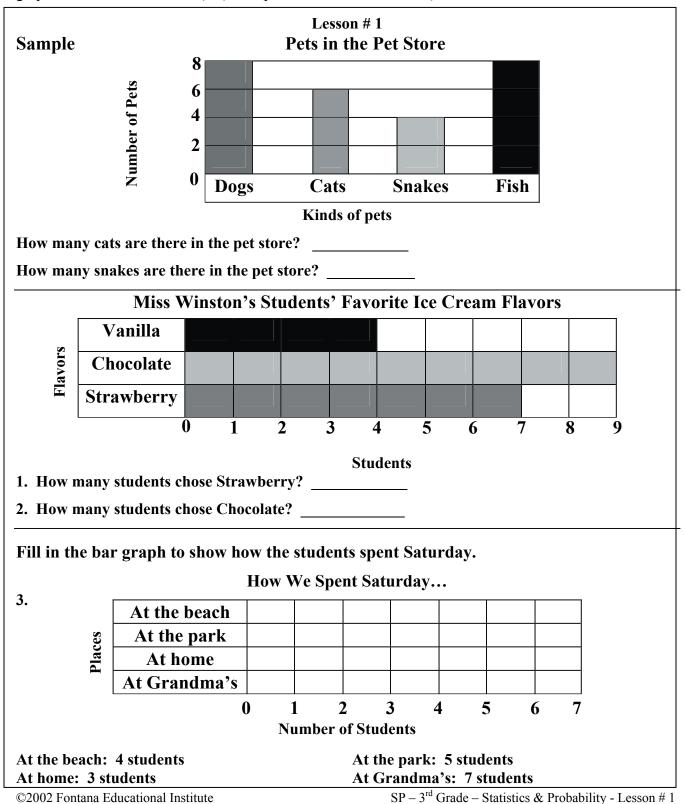
6. 
$$5y = 55$$

### **Answers:**

**Content Cluster:** Statistics & Probability **Focus:** Interpret Bar Graphs

**Standard:** Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

Review of a 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard: 1.2 Represent the same data set in more than one way (e.g., bar graphs and charts with tallies). (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

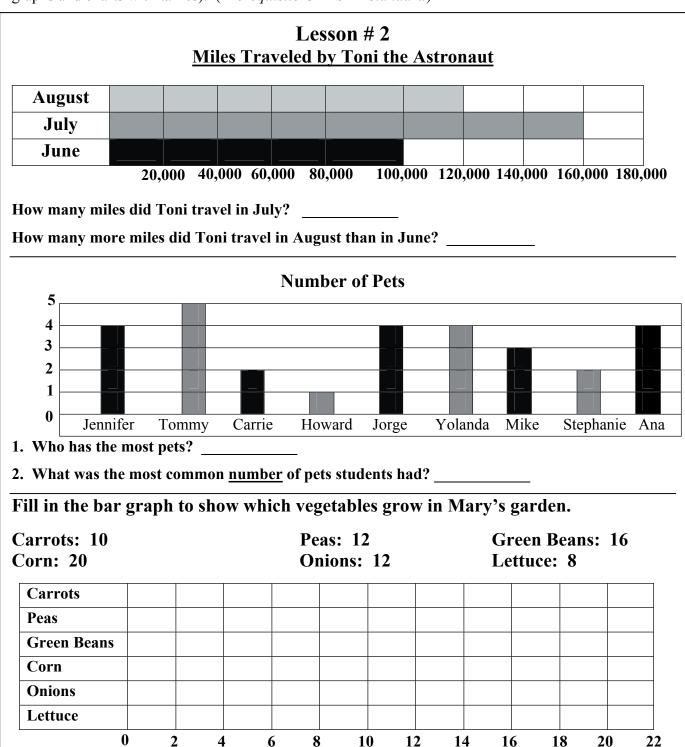


**Content Cluster:** Statistics & Probability Focus: Interpret Bar Graphs

**Standard:** Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

Review of a 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard: 1.2 Represent the same data set in more than one way (e.g., bar

graphs and charts with tallies). (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)



**Content Cluster:** Statistics and Probability **Focus:** Identify Most and Least Likely

Outcome

Standard: Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

1.0 Students conduct simple probability experiments by determining the number of possible outcomes and make simple predictions. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

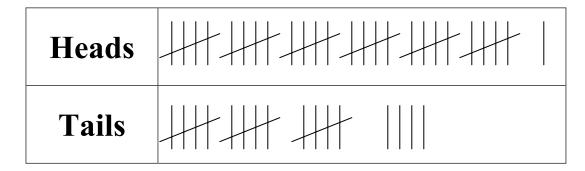
### Lesson #3

Sample:

Number on number cube	1	2	3	4	5	6
Times Rolled					Ш	

How many times did the land on 1?
How many times did it land on 4?

What was the most likely outcome of rolling the number cube? \_\_\_\_\_\_ What was the least likely outcome of rolling the number cube? \_\_\_\_\_\_



- 1. How many times did the penny land on heads? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. How many times did the penny land on tails? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Based on this experiment, if the penny were tossed 50 more times, what would the most likely outcome be?
- 4. How do tally marks make it easy to count the outcomes? \_\_\_\_\_

**Content Cluster:** Statistics and Probability **Focus:** Make Predictions and Interpret Bar Graphs

**Standard:** Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

1.3 Summarize and display the results of probability experiments in a clear and organized way (e.g., use a bar graph or a line plot). (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

4	-lh:-hl-		Ľ1149	
ere to pick a trian	gie, which colo	or would I least	iikeiy get?	
17				
16				
15 14				
13				
12				
11				
10				
9				
8				
7				
6				
5				
4				
3				
2				
1				
0	^	A	<b>A</b>	

**Content Cluster:** Statistics and

Probability

**Focus:** Interpret Bar Graphs, Identify Most/Least Likely Outcomes, Make

**Predictions** 

#### Assessment # 1

1. The table below shows the number of each color of crayon in Mandy's crayon box. If Mandy takes one crayon, which color will she most likely get?

Red	Blue	Green	Yellow
20	5	2	1

A. Blue

B. Red

C. Yellow

D. Green

Use the chart to answer questions 2, 3, and 4.

Favorite Color of Marshmallows	Number of Students
Red	10
Blue	5
Green	20
Yellow	25

2. Which color did most students prefer?

F. Red

G. Blue

H. Yellow

J. Green

3. What color marshmallows was the least favorite?

A. Red

B. Blue

C. Yellow

D. Green

4. What was the total number of students in the survey?

F. 5

G. 55

H. 60

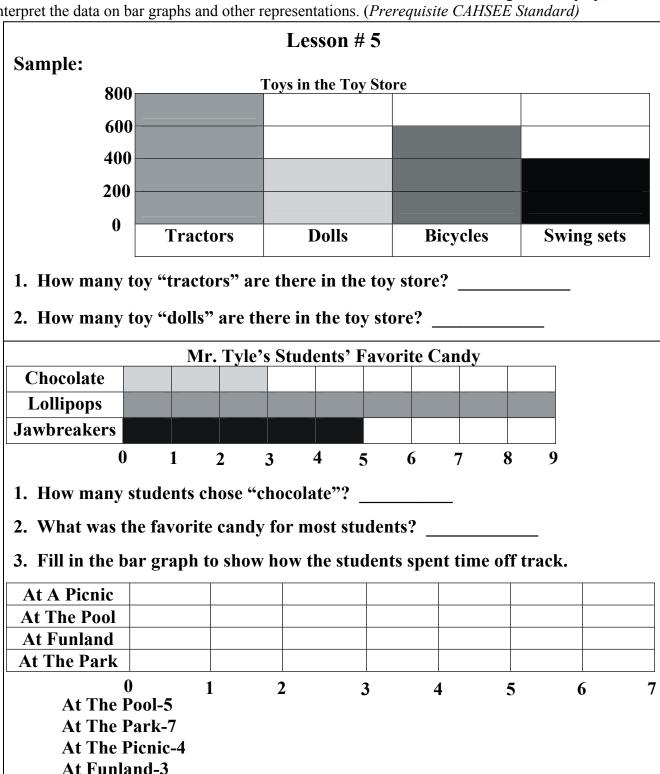
J. 10

Answers:						
1.	<b>(A)</b>	B	©	<b>(D)</b>		
2.	Ē	G	Ю	3		
3.	<b>(A)</b>	B	©	<b>(D)</b>		
4.	Ē	G	$\Theta$	3		

**Content Cluster:** Statistics and Probability Focus: Interpret Bar Graphs

**Standard:** Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard 1.0 Students collect numerical data and record, organize, display, and interpret the data on bar graphs and other representations. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)



**Content Cluster:** Statistics and Probability **Focus:** Interpret Tables

**Standard:** Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

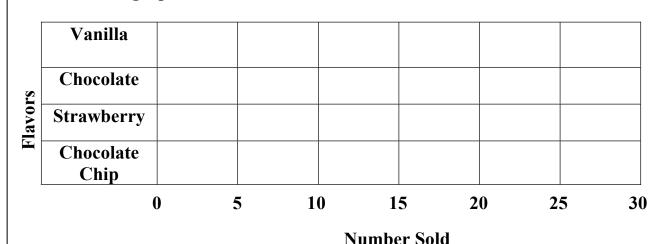
Review of 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Standard 1.0 Students collect numerical data and record, organize, display, and interpret the data on bar graphs and other representations. (*Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard*)

#### Lesson # 6

Flavor of Ice Cream Cones	<b>Number of Cones Sold</b>
Vanilla	30
Chocolate	10
Strawberry	15
Chocolate Chip	25

- 1. How many vanilla ice cream cones were sold?
- 2. How many more vanilla cones were sold than chocolate chip cones?
- 3. The range is the difference between the greatest number of data and the least number of data. What is the range of the number of cones sold?

Fill in the bar graph to show the number of each flavor of ice cream cone sold.

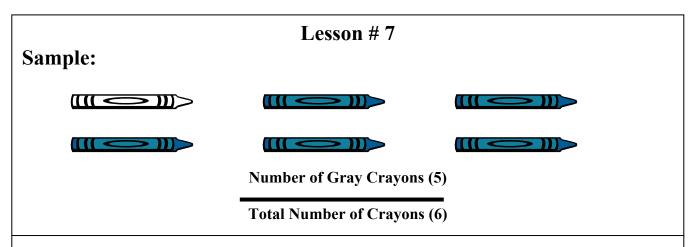


**Content Cluster:** Statistics and Probability **Focus:** Identify Most and Least Likely

Outcomes

Standard: Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

1.0 Summarize and display the results of probability experiments in a clear and organized way (e.g., use a bar graph or a line plot). (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

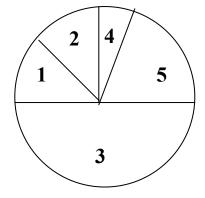


1. If you had a bucket with the number of crayons of each color shown in the table below, what color would you most likely choose? \_\_\_\_\_

Red	Blue	Yellow	Black	Green	Purple	Orange
2	16	7	10	5	8	4

2. What would be the least likely color chosen? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What is the range in the number of crayons of each color? (Remember, range is the difference between the greatest and least #'s) \_\_\_\_\_\_ If we spin the spinner:



4. Which number is least likely to be spun? \_\_\_\_\_

5. Which number is most likely to be spun? \_\_\_\_\_

Content Cluster: Statistics and Probability Focus: Make Predictions/Interpret Line

Graphs

Standard: Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

1.0 Summarize and display the results of probability experiments in a clear and organized way (e.g., use a bar graph or a line plot). (Prerequisite CAHSEE Standard)

use a bar	graph or a	line plot). (Prerequis	site CAHSEE Standa	ard)	
			Lesson #8		
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Which	hall was				
Which	hall wot	ıld I most likely <sub>I</sub> ıld I least likely <b>p</b>	nick?		
vv men	ban wot	ild I least likely f	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<del></del>	
	16				
	15				
	14				
	13				
	12				
	11				
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	8				
	7				
	6				
	5 4				
	3				
	2				
	1				
	1	White	Gray	Black	
M.1.	. 1		-		
Make	a bar gra	ph representing	tne dalis.		
1. Hov	w many b	olack balls are th	ere?		
2. Hov	w many g	gray balls are the	re?		
				— hite balls?	
	-			mic vans;	<del> </del>
4. Wh	at is the	range?			

Content Cluster: Statistics & Probability Focus: Interpret Bar Graphs, Identify

Most/Least Likely Outcomes, Make

**Predictions** 

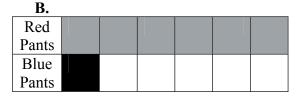
#### Assessment # 2

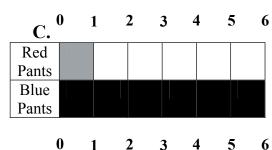
#### **David's Clothes:**

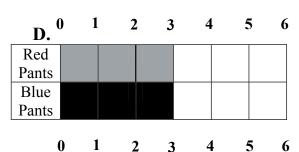
David 5	CIOCITOS	
Red	1	2
Blue	6	4
	Pants	Shorts

1. Which bar graph shows information from the table "David's Clothes"?









- 2. How many more blue pants than red pants does David have?
  - F. 7
- G. 9
- H. 11
- J. 5
- 3. How many more blue pants than red shorts does David have?
  - A. 4
- **B.** 6

- **C.** 8
- D. 10
- 4. How many more pants than shorts does David have?

F. 
$$2-1=1$$

**G.** 
$$7 - 6 = 1$$

G. 
$$7-6=1$$
 H.  $6-4=2$  J.  $13-7=6$ 

$$\mathbf{J.} \ \ \mathbf{13 - 7 = 6}$$

### Answers:

- 1. A B C D
- 2. **(F) (G) (H) (J)**
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J

## $\underline{STANDARDS\ PLUS\ ^{TM}-MATHEMATICS}$

Content Cluster: Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1, 2, & 3

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Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

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	Lesson # 1
St	rategy 1: Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
	rategy 2: Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
St	rategy 3: Identify key numbers and labels.
1.	Mrs. Wilson had 9 gold buttons, 3 silver buttons, and 7 white buttons. How many buttons did she have in all?
	Key words:
	Key numbers:
2.	Five monkeys were jumping on the bed. Three monkeys were watching T.V. Six monkeys were eating bananas. How many monkeys were there in all?
	Key words:
	Key numbers:
3.	Leo had 25 baseball cards in his pocket. 5 cards fell out of his pocket. How
	many cards did he have left?
	Key word:
	Key numbers:
4.	10 lions lived in the zoo. 100 lions lived in the animal park. How many more
	lions lived in the animal park?
	Key word:
	Key numbers:

**Content Cluster:** Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1, 2, 3, & 7

#### Standard:

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

Lesson # 2
<ul> <li>Strategy 1: Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.</li> <li>Strategy 2: Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!</li> <li>Strategy 3: Identify key numbers and labels.</li> <li>Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK! (On scrap paper, draw a picture, label charts &amp; graphs according to the key, fill in place value chart, draw a number line, etc.)</li> </ul>
Stephanie has 3 pink dresses and 2 yellow dresses. Her sister has 1 pink dress and 3 yellow dresses. How many dresses do the girls have in all?  Key words:  Key numbers:
2. 10 ducks went to the pond to play. 4 ducks said the water was too cold, so they left. How many ducks were left at the pond?  Key word:  Key numbers:
3. There were 5 apple pies on the table. There were 2 cherry pies in the oven. How many more apple pies were there than cherry pies?  Key word:  Key numbers:
4. 50 bananas were in the basket. 10 bananas were in the box. How many bananas were there altogether?  Key word:  Key numbers:

Content Cluster: Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1, 2, 3, 6, & 7

#### Standard:

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

T	esson	#	3
		_	

- **Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- **Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- **Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.
- **Strategy 6:** Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- **Strategy 7:** Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK! (On scrap paper, draw a picture, label charts & graphs according to the key, fill in place value chart, draw a number line, etc.)
- 5 fish swam in the pond. 10 frogs sat by the pond. 2 ducks swam on the pond. How many animals altogether were at the pond?
   Jimmy had 4 cookies. Felicia had 2 cookies. Greg had 10 cookies. How many cookies did the three children have altogether?
   Jenny went to the store. She had \$10.00 when she started. She spent \$6.00 in the store. How much money does she have left?

4. There were 12 friends at the circus. 4 friends had to go home. How many

friends were left at the circus?

Content Cluster: Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, & 7

#### **Standard:**

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

T	esson	Ж	4
	(C330)	#	-

- **Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- **Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- **Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.
- **Strategy 5:** Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.
- **Strategy 6:** Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!

**Instructions:** The chart below shows the clothes that Jim has. Use the chart to answer the questions.

	Socks	Hats	Pants
RED			
BLUE	M		M M
WHITE	M IIII		

1.	How many hats does Jim have altogether?
2.	How many items does Jim have that are blue?
3.	How many more white socks does Jim have than red socks?
4.	How many more blue pants does Jim have than blue socks?

**Content Cluster:** Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1 - 7

#### **Standard:**

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

#### Lesson # 5

- **Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- **Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- **Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.
- **Strategy 4:** Eliminate unneeded data.
- **Strategy 5:** Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.
- **Strategy 6:** Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!
- 1. Kathy and Donna went to the mall. Kathy spent \$6 on food. Donna spent \$5 on food and \$4 on hair bands. How much did they spend on food in all?
- 2. There were a lot of pets in the pet store. There were 6 dogs, 4 cats, 3 birds, and 12 fish. How many pets with fur were there in the pet store?

Mrs. Lindy had a big garden. Below is a chart showing the plants in her garden.

****						
10	6	2	10	7	8	7

3.	How many flower plants did Mrs. Lindy have in her garden?	

4. How many corn plants did Mrs. Lindy have in her garden?	
4. How many corn plants did Mrs. Lindy have in her garden?	

**Content Cluster:** Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1 - 8

#### **Standard:**

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

#### Lesson # 6

- **Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- **Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- **Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.
- Strategy 4: Eliminate unneeded data.
- **Strategy 5:** Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.
- **Strategy 6:** Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!
- **Strategy 8:** Evaluate the solution. DOES THE SOLUTION ANSWER THE QUESTION? DOES THE SOLUTION MAKE SENSE?
- 1. 5+3+2=
- 2. 10 7 = \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. If Mary has 5 kittens, and she gives two away, how many will she have left?

4. Steven had 10 pennies. He found 6 more pennies. How many pennies did he have in all?

\_\_\_\_

**Content Cluster:** Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1 - 9

#### Standard:

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grade 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

#### Lesson #7

- **Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- **Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- **Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.
- **Strategy 4:** Eliminate unneeded data.
- **Strategy 5:** Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.
- **Strategy 6:** Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!
- **Strategy 8:** Evaluate the solution. DOES THE SOLUTION ANSWER THE QUESTION? DOES THE SOLUTION MAKE SENSE?
- **Strategy 9:** Check your solution with the answer choice. If your answer is not found, repeat steps one through eight.
- 1. Jeremy has 5 toy boats, 12 toy cars, 1 toy submarine, and 3 toy planes. How many toys does he have in all?
  - A. 12 toys
  - B. 5 toys
  - C. 21 toys
  - D. 1 toy
- $2. \quad 25 + 5 =$ 
  - A. 30
  - B. 25
  - C. 20
  - D. 50
- 3. Mr. Sweeney ate 6 blueberry pies. He then ate 2 apple pies. How many pies did he eat altogether?
  - A. 6 pies
  - B. 2 pies
  - C. 8 pies
  - D. 4 pies
- 4. 12 3 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. 12
  - B. 3
  - C. 15
  - D. 9

**Content Cluster:** Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1 - 9

#### Standard:

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grades 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

#### Lesson #8

- **Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- **Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- **Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.
- Strategy 4: Eliminate unneeded data.
- **Strategy 5:** Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.
- **Strategy 6:** Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!
- **Strategy 8:** Evaluate the solution. DOES THE SOLUTION ANSWER THE QUESTION? DOES THE SOLUTION MAKE SENSE?
- **Strategy 9:** Check your solution with the answer choice. If your answer is not found, repeat steps one through eight.
- 1. There are 30 days in April, 31 days in August, and 30 days in November. How many days are there in the months beginning with the letter "A"?
  - A. 91 days
  - B. 60 days
  - C. 61 days
  - D. 30 days
- 2. 100 50 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. 50
  - B. 150
  - C. 100
  - D. 0
- 3. 22 + 1 + 3 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. 23
  - B. 25
  - C. 26
  - D. 20
- 4. Jan ran 2 miles, Fred ran 3 miles, and Carrie ran 2 miles. How many miles did they run altogether?
  - A. 100 miles
  - B. 5 miles
  - C. 4 miles
  - D. 7 miles

- 1. A B C C
- 2 (F) (G) (H) (J
- 3 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. F G H J

**Content Cluster:** Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1 - 11

#### **Standard:**

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grades 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

#### Lesson #9

**Strategy 1:** Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.

**Strategy 2:** Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!

**Strategy 3:** Identify key numbers and labels.

Strategy 4: Eliminate unneeded data.

**Strategy 5:** Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.

Strategy 6: Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.

Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!

**Strategy 8:** Evaluate the solution. DOES THE SOLUTION ANSWER THE QUESTION? DOES THE SOLUTION MAKE SENSE?

**Strategy 9:** Check your solution with the answer choice. If your answer is not found, repeat steps one through eight.

Strategy 10: Eliminate wrong answers.

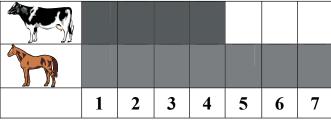
Strategy 11: Bubble in the correct answer.

C. 31

D. 55

**Instructions:** Use the bar graph of animals on Susan's farm to answer questions

2 - 4.



2. How many cows are there on the farm?

F. 1

G. 2

Н. З

J. 4

# 3. A B C D

1. A B C D

Answers:

4. F G H J

3. How many horses are there on Susan's farm?

A. 7

B. 6

C. 5

D. 4

4. How many more horses than cows are there on Susan's farm?

F. 10

G. 5

H. 3

J. 1

Content Cluster: Test Taking Strategies Focus: Strategies 1 - 11

#### **Standard:**

Grade 2 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem. Grades 3, 4, & 5 Mathematical Reasoning 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach a problem.

#### **Lesson # 10**

- Strategy 1: Read the problem at least three times. Make a mental picture of what is being read.
- Strategy 2: Locate key words in the question. MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT THE QUESTION IS ASKING!
- Strategy 3: Identify key numbers and labels.
- Strategy 4: Eliminate unneeded data.
- Strategy 5: Thoroughly study any graphs, charts, or diagrams.
- Strategy 6: Determine the operations/strategies needed to solve the problem.
- Strategy 7: Solve. SHOW YOUR WORK!
- Strategy 8: Evaluate the solution. DOES THE SOLUTION ANSWER THE QUESTION? DOES THE SOLUTION MAKE SENSE?
- Strategy 9: Check your solution with the answer choice. If your answer is not found, repeat steps one through eight.
- Strategy 10: Eliminate wrong answers.
- Strategy 11: Bubble in the correct answer.
- 1. There are 6 children in David's family. Ann is 15, George is 12, Mike is 10, Larry is 8, Julie is 8, and David is 6. How much older is Ann than Larry?
  - A. 10 years
- B. 7 years
- C. 4 years
- D. 1 year

### Use the chart of eye color in Frank's class to answer questions 2 – 4.

	Blue	Green	Brown	Hazel
Number of Children	2	1	14	3

- 2. How many children have green eyes in Frank's class?
  - F 1
- $G_{1}$
- H. 3
- J. 20
- 3. How many children had blue or brown eyes?
  - A. 2
- B. 14
- C. 16
- D. 1
- 4. How many more children have brown eyes than have hazel eyes?
  - F. 17
- G. 11
- H. 8
- J. 20

### **Answers:**

- 1. A B C D
- 2. F G H J
- 3. A B C D
- 4. F G H J